The Centre Reporter.

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THE UNITED STATES SENATE.

Democrats Will be in Control—Fifty Democrats Will Hold Seats.

"The reorganization of the Senate by the Democrats on March 4 is assured," said Senator Hoke Smith, of Georgia. "We can rely safely on 50 Democrats in the next Senate."

Senator Smith was among the first of the Democratic Senators to return to Washington, and he spoke with assurance, due largely to his familiarity with the situation on account of his connection with the Senatorial branch of the campaign work. He spent a month in Chicago with Senator Reed, of Missouri, in looking after the Legislatures in the various States.

"We have 30 Democrats who hold over and five who already have been elected, making 35," he said. "We have Democrats from Georgia, Texas, Kansas, Arkansas, Montana, Oklahoma, North Carolina, South Carolina and two from Colorado, who have been elected in the primaries. The Democrats undoubtedly have carried the Legislatures of New Jersey and Delaware, which insures Democratic Senators from each of those States. Advices from Nevada and Oregon clearly indicate the election of Democratic candidates for the Senate. This would give 49 Democrats, or a positive majority."

He was inclined to make additional claims upon States which are considered doubtful. He said that according to his advices the Democrats will have a majority of the Legislature of Tennessee, which would insure a Democratic Senator.

He also counted on further Democratic accessions from Illinois and from some of the other States which are still open to doubt. His summary of Democratic control is substantially in accord with the general view taken at the Senate wing of the Capitol. In other quarters an impartial survey of the returns gives totals up to the present time as follows: Democrats, 48; Republicans, 41; doubtful, 7; total membership, 96.

The seven seats still classed as doubtful are the two from Illinois and one each from Michigan, Oregon, South Dakota, Tennessee and Wyoming.

Without any of these seven doubtful seats the present assured Democratic strength of 48 is exactly half of the total membership and is sufficient with the vote of Vice President Marshall on a tie to control the Senate.

Big Game Killed.

The long looked for hunting season came at last and many a hunter had his gun polished and glistening like burnished silver. Small game was abundant, and more large than in former years, and one kind supposed to be extinct had been sighted, and this particular kind was known to be desperate, pugnacious, and so monarchal and king-like in his bearing toward other game that it was evident he was eager to devour anything that crossed his track. He never was found in the same place two days in succession.

He had a ravenous appetite and to satisfy his greed for good things he would devour man, even a President or Governor as quickly as he would a turkey that came in his way. Only for a few faint tracks found in Madison Square Garden, and a bewailing moan now and then, Me, Me, would we have believed the monster was living.

Nevertheless we hied ourselves away to the forest in quest of any game large or small without much success, finding very little small and seeing no large, or even hearing of that particular ferocious animal that no right thinking man wants to meet when he has no gun. But Tuesday morning we were up at early dawn and with cartridge-box filled to the brim, and saber polished, glistening in the sun, we went forth determined to have his scalp.

At seven o'clock the first gun was fired and then we were all eager for the fray. We carried our forces, went out on the skirmish line hearing nothing all the forenoon only a bewailing moan, Me, Me. After a sumptuous repast of duck, squirrel, and turkey for dinner, we shouldered our guns determined we would have his hide. We roamed over hillside and down through the valley, through bramble and evergreens with guns at our shoulders all ready to shoot when bang, bang, went reports on each side and all around us, and then came the cracking of sticks and branches, as an old Bull Moose with horns all broken and antlers bleeding rushed by us on his way to the boat landing, and just as the clock struck seven the old Bull Moose rushed on board and away he went up salt river. ***

Will some one please move to make it unanimous.

The selection of Taft's successor was not made by the House, as many predicted he would be, but by the people.

MINORITY PRESIDENT.

Presidents Elected by Large Majorities of Electoral College Lacked Majority of Popular Vote.

President-elect Wilson is not alone among his predecessors in failing of a majority in the popular vote while commanding an enormous plurality and most of the Electoral College.

Within the time when electors have been chosen directly by the people, John Quincy Adams in 1824 gained the Presidency without a majority either of the popular or the electoral vote. James K. Polk in 1844 had nearly two-thirds of the Electoral College but a minority in the popular vote. Zachary Taylor in 1848 was outvoted by the Democrats and Free Soilers.

Franklin Pierce had nearly three-fourths of the College in the great Democratic sweep of 1852, but a popular majority of only 63,000. Buchanan in 1856 was in a popular minority.

Abraham Lincoln in 1860 was heavily in a popular minority. Hayes in 1876 lacked both a popular plurality and majority. Garfield in 1880 had a plurality of about 7,000 and was in a minority of over 300,000. Cleveland in 1884 was in a small minority, though barely elected; and in 1892 was in a minority of nearly 1,000,000 when the Democrats swept the country. Harrison in 1888 was elected by a minority of the total popular vote.

The present situation is more exactly comparable with that of 1852 when the Whig party went to pieces, and that of 1860 when the Democratic party went to pieces. It is the Republican party which now breaks up, and it is largely for the Democracy again in power to say how long that party is to remain a divided majority or a united minority under that or another name.

Centre County Pomona Grange

The Centre County Pomona Grange will meet in Grange Arcadia, Thursday, 21st instant, at ten o'clock a. m.

THE PROGRAM.

Address of Welcome, Progress Grange
Response, County Grange
Appointing of Committees
Recitation
Report Grange Fire Insurance Company
Reading of papers on special subjects
Discussion, "Special Grange Meetings for the Winter"
Recess for dinner
1:30 p. m. Report of Committee on Grange Encampment
Recitation
Report of Committee on Mechanical Milkers
Reading of paper on selected subject
Report of Telephone Company
Miscellaneous business
Conferring degree of Pomona

Iron Workers Wages Increased.

The New York Tribune declared the election of Wilson would paralyze business, yet the day following the election the Stock Exchange report in that paper contained this:

"The unexpected happened and stocks shot up like rockets, and there was a general advance in the list ranging from 1 to 5 points.... It was truly an energetic bull movement which drove the shorts to cover, and the gains were so uniformly large that the movement could not be attributed to a buying of specials. The volume of trading was large, exceeding one million shares, and the street turned to the theory that business was destined to improve regardless of political parties."

It is also observed that on the day following the election the Duncannon Iron and Steel Company and the Logan Iron and Steel Company increased the wages of the iron workers in their mills.

Thank Offering Service.

The ladies of the Lutheran church, at Tusseyville, will hold their annual thank-offering service on Saturday evening, 23rd inst. An interesting and appropriate program has been prepared for the occasion, and a most cordial invitation is extended to the public to attend.

Tarron-Colyer.

Lester Tarron and Miss Matie Colyer, both of Pittsburg, were married last July, and until a week ago kept their marriage a secret. The bride is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Reuben Colyer, formerly of Potters Mills.

Local prosperity seems to grow with the success of Democracy, as the Logan Iron and Steel Company, at Burnham has announced an increase of two cents a ton for puddlers and tonnage men, with a comparative increase for laborers and other departments. About 500 men are affected.

"There could be no better medicine than Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. My children were all sick with whooping cough. One of them was in bed, had a high fever and was coughing up blood. Our doctor gave them Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and the first dose eased them, and three bottles cured them," says Mrs. R. A. Donaldson, of Lexington, Miss. For sale by all dealers. adv.

TARGET GUN KILLS BOY.

A Coburn Lad of Ten Years the Victim—Death Within Two Hours.

Carl Winegardner Malone is dead. A bullet from a target gun of twenty-two calibre struck him above the temple, and within two hours he was lifeless. It was the same old story—boys too young to do so were handling deadly firearms. The boy who fired the fatal shot was a cousin of his victim, and a resident of Millheim.

The story as told the writer is as follows:

Carl Malone and his cousin were at the latter's home in Millheim shooting mark on Saturday. A target gun and 22 calibre cartridges were in use, and a tin can was the target. Tiring of this the boys concluded to test the efficiency of the gun, and planned to discover its power to penetrate wood. Here is where their lack of wisdom, owing to their youthfulness, caused a catastrophy—snuffed out a life.

The Malone boy was the younger of the two, his exact age being ten years, nine months, fourteen days, and was stationed in a water closet with the instructions to "stand back in the corner" until the gun had been fired. The object was, in the boy's way of philosophizing, to see whether the bullet would penetrate farther than the door panel. To the boys everything looked safe; there could be no danger to the concealed youth, for the point to be fired into was not at the corner. The weapon was discharged, the bullet penetrated the closet door through and through and entered the youth's head about two inches above the temple. There was a cry, the youth of thirteen with gun in hand, was horror stricken. There was the rushing for aid, the breaking of the sad news to the parents, Mr. and Mrs. Fred J. Malone, at Coburn, tears and wringing of hands. Our boy is dying! Our boy is dead!

On Wednesday morning the little body was laid to rest in one of the Millheim cemeteries. Many friends gathered there; many children were present. It was a sad day for the youths of Coburn and Millheim, but how soon the incident will be forgotten, and parents will again permit their children to carry with them these deadly arms—the air rifle, the Flobert rifle, the pistol.

Who fired the fatal shot? Why mention his name? He is a boy, with a boy's mind, immature. He has spent sleepless nights. He would undo the deed if he could. If he were your boy would it be any different? Would you want the world to know his name?

Hazel-Deitrich.

Boyd E. Hazel and Miss Mary E. Dietrich, both of Madisonburg, were quietly united in matrimony last Friday evening at eight o'clock, at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Deitrich. The beautiful ring ceremony was used and was witnessed by the immediate families of the contracting parties and a few intimate friends. The officiating minister was the bride's pastor, the Rev. G. A. Stauffer, of Reibersburg. Their many friends wish them bon voyage.

Transfer of Real Estate.

Susan Heirick to Edward Sweetwood, tract of land in Potter twp. $400.

M. C. Spigelmyer et bar to Emanuel Wetzel, tract of land in Millheim. $100.

Julia C. Harvey et al to Fred J. Kaufman, tract of land in State College. $1200.

W. C. Holt et ux to H. K. Mattern, tract of land in Huston twp. $900.

Sarah M. Reed et al to H. K. Mattern, tract of land in Huston twp. $200.

Sarah Kerstetter et al exrs to Coburn Canning Co., tract of land in Penn twp. $50.

I. T. Ward et al exrs to John E. Cronemiller, tract of land in Half Moon twp. $652.

John E. Cronemiller et ux to LeRoy S. Wasson, tract of land in Half Moon twp. $700.

W. A. Murray et ux to Theodore D. Boal, tract of land in Harris twp. $700.

Winnona W. Evey et bar to Jennie M. Schreck, tract of land in College twp. $450.

Bellefonte Cemetery Association to Mrs. Sarah S. Robb, tract of land in Bellefonte. $50.

Margaret A. Hewitt to Mrs. John Krumrine, tract of land in State College. $500.

Martin Harbridge et al to Harris P. Harbridge, tract of land in Huston twp. $1.00.

First National Bank of Philipsburg to Anne Alice Haworth, tract of land in Philipsburg. $5500.

Sarah F. Ammerman to Clara A. Jones, tract of land in Unionville. $700.

The election is over, but now comes the hunting season.

DEATHS

Friday forenoon Miss Bertha McCormick received a telegram announcing the death of her grandfather, J. A. Reesman, at Thoroughfare, New Jersey. The news was at once spread over the entire community, and there were many expressions of regret.

Mr. Reesman came to Centre Hall when the town was but a very small village. That was in 1867. He saw ninety-five per cent of the improvements, and saw several generations grow up to manhood and womanhood, and scatter over the states. He was a tinner by trade, and came to Centre Hall from Bellefonte to do work for the Centre Hall Foundry Company, which concern was at that time at its zenith. After the company under the name given above had its reverses, Mr. Reesman began business for himself, and continued it until about two weeks ago when it was sold to Thomas Smith. He was a skilled mechanic, and during the early years of his business life made many cooking utensils and other household articles from tin and sheet iron. In connection with the tinning business he dealt in stoves, and later in factory made goods that because much cheaper than he could make them by hand.

In politics Mr. Reesman was a Republican, and was always right side up for his party on election day. He was appointed postmaster at Centre Hall under the Hayes administration, and served until the Democrats elected Cleveland, in 1884. He was an efficient post master, obliging at the window and correct in his accounts.

The body was shipped to Centre Hall by express upon the request of the local Masonic order. At the station the corpse was taken in charge by Undertaker Goodhart, having been turned over to him by representatives of the order named.

The Masonic burial ceremony was conducted by Rev. R. R. Jones, Master, and Rev. J. Max Lantz, chaplain. There were present a number of members of the order from points in Penns Valley.

Mr. Reesman is survived by a widow, whose maiden name was Miss Sarah Zeigler, and five grandchildren, namely, Clay W. Reesman, Thorofare, New Jersey, where the death occurred; Miss Bertha McCormick, Centre Hall; Robert McCormick, at the New Jersey address given above; Andrew McCormick, Corey, Alabama; and Mrs. Benjamin Barus, Rossville, Illinois.

Amos Koch, one of the most elderly gentlemen in Centre county, died on Saturday at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Samuel Kreamer, at Rock View, near Bellefonte, where he made his home for some years. Interment was made on Monday afternoon at Myers cemetery, in Buffalo Run Valley.

The children who survive the deceased are Mrs. Ellen Stover, Bellefonte; Mrs. Charles Reamey, Tusseyville; Mrs. Kreamer, named above; and William, in Will county, Illinois. Mrs. Koch, who died some years ago, was Miss Jane Shannon, a sister of Rev. Shannon, and Mrs. William Lohr, the latter deceased.

Mr. Koch was a son of Jacob Koch, and by occupation was a shoemaker. Many years ago he lived east of Centre Hall, in the property now owned by C. D. Bartholomew, in the Keller district. His father (Jacob Koch) also lived in the property now owned and occupied by Mrs. Eliza Stump, nearby the one described above.

The deceased was an ardent Democrat, never missing an opportunity to support Democratic candidates and measures.

At the age of seventy years and six months, James Garis died at his home at Pillow, Dauphin county, on Monday of last week. Interment was made on Saturd y.

Mr. Garis was a son of John Garis, and was born at the old improvements along Nittany mountain above the Jacob Sharer farm, east of Centre Hall. He was married three times. First to Miss Anna Kerstetter, and to this union six children were born, four of whom survive, namely: W. Byron Garis, Centre Hall; Mrs. Geo. Mowery, Burnham; Mrs. Lizzie Meese, Tyrone; Mrs. Lottie Zeigler, Reedsville. The second wife was Miss Anna Mary Runkle, and the third, who survives, Anna Crotzer.

There survive also two brothers, John and Samuel, both of Tylersville, in Sugar Valley.

Mr. Garis at one time lived at Centre Hall and later at Pleasant Gap, where his second wife died.

Mrs. Augustus B. Miller died at the home of her son, Allen Miller, at Mill Hall, Tuesday evening of last week of complications. She was aged sixty-six years, seven months and one day. She is survived by two sons, Allen Miller, of Mill Hall, and William Miller, of Lewistown, and by two daughters, Mrs. Frank Mitchell, of Flemington, and Mrs Joseph Hollingsworth, of Mill Hall; also by three brothers, three sisters, several grandchildren and four great-grandchildren. The remains were prepared for burial and short services were held at the home Thursday morning by Rev. M. C. Frick after which the body was brought to Spring Mills where further services were held in the Lutheran church and burial was made in Georges Valley cemetery.

John Powley, who resided on the old Cram farm, was found dead in bed Monday morning a week. The deceased, who was aged sixty-five years had been in poor health for several months. Some few years ago he purchased the Cram farm upon which he later moved, relinquishing his vocation of fireman. He is survived by his widow, five children, three sisters and four brothers. For years he was a consistent member of the Ross Methodist church. Interment was made at Graysville.

On Monday forenoon at about eleven o'clock, Moses Clark died at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George Michael, at Old Fort, aged seventy years and a few months.

Interment was made Wednesday forenoon, at Sprucetown.

The deceased is survived by three daughters: Mrs. Alice Chambers, Bellefonte; Mrs. Agnes S. Hess, Republic, Washington, and Mrs. William Decker. He was a resident of Potter township for many years, living most of the time at Potters Mills.

Ira Snyder died at his home in High Valley, in the mountains below Coburn, of senile debility, aged about seventy-six years. He leaves to survive a widow and the following children: Thomas, Daniel, Charles, Edward, Samuel, Mrs. R. T. Eisenhuth and Miss Katie. Funeral services were held Friday forenoon and interment was made in St. Paul cemetery, below Aaronsburg.

The little daughter of Rev. and Mrs. J. H. Keller, of Philipsburg, died Sunday morning at the Lutheran parsonage. She was aged eight years.

Deaths of Centre Countians.

William McElhattan, in Bellefonte, a member of Co. G, Forty-ninth Infantry, aged seventy-five years.

Rev. Samuel Hann, in the York hospital. He had served several Methodist charges in Centre and Huntingdon county.

Mrs. Henry Antis, at Jacksonville, aged fifty years.

The Child and the Gun.

The fatal result of the handling of target guns by children was again illustrated in Millheim, last week. A youth lost his life through a childish act, yet the persons really responsible are those who are in authority—parents or others—who permit children to have these instruments of death in their possession. In Centre Hall children coming from the best families have been seen on the streets and alleys with Flobert rifles, and air guns, putting in danger not only the youths who have these weapons in charge, but all others within range. It is a violation of the common law for children to have these guns in their possession, but no action is taken to enforce it until some innocent person loses his or her life, and then only for a season.

This Millheim youth, on his way to the grounds where the fatal accident happened, deliberately pointed a gun at a young lady who was passing along the streets. Had he been arrested on sight, and made pay the penalty, there would have been protests by many who should seek to protect citizens against injury, and the prosecutor would have been derided. But had the youth for his reckless spirit been obliged to pay the penalty, the life of an innocent child would have been spared.

The Reporter, in times past, has appealed to parents to protect their children from the target rifles and air guns, by destroying the weapons, but it is not likely that a single one of them was disposed of in this way. There is yet opportunity for action, not only in Millheim and Centre Hall, but everywhere, and it is the duty of the parents to perform this service to the public.

Hunter Shoots Companion.

John C. Nipple, twenty years old, died at a cabin in the Seven Mountains Sunday, from a wound sustained while hunting with William Campbell on the previous day. Nipple is the only son of Samuel Nipple, a Ferguson valley farmer. He was walking a short distance ahead of his companion, when the latter stumbled and his gun was discharged.

[Continued from Previous Column.]

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

HAPPENINGS OF LOCAL INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS

One day more and November will be half over.

Dr. G. W. Hosterman, last week, went to State College to visit his daughter, Mrs. C. F. Shaw.

Byron Garis, of Centre Hall, attended the funeral of his father, at Pillow, Dauphin county, on Saturday.

Mrs. F. P. Geary and little daughter Agnes, on Friday morning, went to Williamsport, and for a few days were entertained there by friends and relatives.

The body of J. A. Reesman was accompanied from New Jersey by his widow and grandson, Clay Reesman, and wife. They remained until Wednesday.

Frank Knarr, one of the most aged citizens of Millheim, is seriously ill. The Journal states that he cast his first vote for Franklin Pierce, and also voted for Wilson.

On Friday, December 6th, Solomon Lingle will make sale of stock on his farm, along Sinking Creek. The stock comprises horses, colts, cows, heifers, steers, and hogs. See the sale register, also posters, for further particulars.

Mr. and Mrs. John F. Getchell and little son returned to their home at Youngwood, after a week's stay in Centre Hall. Mr. Getchell devoted some of his time while here to hunting small game, which sport he is very fond of.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Thompson and daughters, Catharine and Alberta, of Lewistown, came to Centre Hall on Sunday in their auto, returning the same day. Mr. Thompson is a member of the firm conducting the knitting mills in Mifflin county.

Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Bartholomew and daughters, and Miss Helen Bartholomew on Saturday morning went to Altoona in their auto, returning on Sunday evening. They went there to visit Mr. and Mrs. Ed. L. Bartholomew, who just moved into their new home.

S. M. Campbell, of Millheim, came to Centre Hall to attend the Reesman funeral. Mr. Campbell is Millheim's undertaker and furniture dealer, and aims to keep abreast of the advances in both branches of business. Mr. Campbell paid F. V. Goodhart, the local undertaker who had the funeral in charge, a well deserved compliment for the skilful manner in which he conducted the funeral.

The Thanksgiving supper given in Grange Arcadia for a number of years will be dispensed with the coming Thanksgiving evening. The omission of this social function participated in regularly by Progress Grange is made necessary so the hall can be used on that evening for the second number of the Centre Hall Lecture Course. The Boston Male Quartette will, however, be able to satisfy your musical appetite.

F. W. Crider sold the big Crider farm between Eagleville and Beech Creek to James H. Neese, his son John W. Neese and Reuben Tressler for $27,000. The farm is the largest in Bald Eagle valley, containing over four hundred acres, a good part of which is under cultivation, and it is very fertile and productive. It is the intention of the purchasers when they take possession next spring to divide the tract into three farms, one for each of them. Mr. Neese lives near Bellefonte, on one of the Reynolds farms, now a part of the penitentiary site.

During the summer empty jars were sent from the Loysville Orphan Home to the various congregations of Lutheran churches in the Central Synod, and these were distributed among the members to be filled with fruit of all kinds. Last week there was a gathering in of the jars, and a few days later they were packed in barrels and shipped to the institution, where they will materially aid in making up the bill o'fare during the coming year. These contributions are greatly appreciated by the management, and, of course, the children will relish the fruit as only children can.

The county board of road and bridge viewers will hold a meeting in the grand jury room in the court house on Monday, 25th instant, to hear testimony for and against applications for new roads or the vacation of old ones. So far petitions have been filed for the opening of a new road in Ferguson township and to vacate three roads in Howard township and one each in Benner, College and Harris townships. Also a petition for a county bridge in Liberty township and one filed by the Pennsylvania railroad company for viewers to assess damages occasioned by the taking of a strip of land in Howard township from the estate of J. Howard Tipton.

The Centre Reporter

CENTRE HALL. - - PA.

THE REPORTER.

Among the sons of men there is none who really knows a great city except the man who has been a reporter in it. He has sounded its depths. He has come to know the house of crime, the house of worship, and the house of festival. He is familiar with the church and with the nether world. He has seen the greater and the lesser wheels of administrative machinery in motion. He has learned how to reach that supreme potentate, the police sergeant, behind his desk, and how to unravel and knit together the varying tales of bystanders. The streets of the city are known to him, bared in gray morn, when the vast commissary of a great city is converging on the markets, thronged by the rising and ebbing tides of those who go to their work and return from it jostling in the crowded hours, suddenly empty in mid eve as the tide sweep strips the estuary of its water and full again when the theaters empty, writes Talcott Williams in the Columbia Quarterly. He knows the streets of danger full of news, and the streets of safety full of newspaper readers, comfort clogged. He comes to have an instinct as to the trail of news, and he discovers, as perhaps no other man does, how often the intelligent, the educated, the well bred, and the advantaged are dull and hackneyed by a safe life, and how keen and swift and quick comes to be the great guerrilla horde that knows the street as its hunting ground and wins by wit and not by work.

Each year some person of good intentions comes forward with the suggestion that the clocks be set an hour ahead in the summertime. The object is to haul people out of bed while the day is young so they will have a chance to get their work well along in the cool of the morning. But every hot spell demonstrates afresh that such a scheme is a delusion and a snare. On a hot night you never get off soundly to sleep until after midnight, says the Kansas City Star. It's too uncomfortable in the early part of the night. Often you are up and down trying to cool off until well toward morning. About five o'clock the morning chill gets in its work and you are having your best sleep. To chop that off sooner than need be by an artificial time scheme ought to cause a revolt. Talk about it's being hard to get up early in cold weather! It's a lot harder to get up early when it's hot—at least, it seems that way until winter gets around again.

Policemen in West Philadelphia who escaped electrocution the other night consider themselves exceedingly fortunate. In some way a police telephone wire had become heavily charged by a feed wire. One patrolman was killed by a shock which he received upon inserting the key into the patrol box. Another was knocked unconscious. A sergeant answering the telephone calls at the station house was thrown across the room. Many on the circuit who received only slight shocks attribute their immunity to the circumstance that they had on rubber boots. It was a very serious situation, and illustrates what may happen at any time when an uninsulated electric wire carrying a heavy current crosses a telephone wire. Hence the necessity for vigilance in the observance of precautions which will prevent that dangerous mischance.

The Boy Scout movement is flourishing in other countries than the United States and Great Britain. It is on a strong footing in Denmark, where both the Crown Prince Frederik and his brother, Prince Knud, are taking part in the training. The young princes associate with their fellow scouts on terms of perfect equality. This is a good preparation for future usefulness on the throne of a democratic country like Denmark—for democratic Denmark is, although ruled by a king.

A pair of valuable opera glasses, lost 23 years ago, have just been restored to the owner by the finder, whose conscience urged their return. Evidently, the speed mania of the age has not as yet affected the operations of the average conscience.

For purposes of fancy balls, the modern society woman loves to tog up in fashions of a bygone day. But wouldn't she raise an awful holler if she had to wear them all the time?

The receipt of two cents for the conscience fund in Washington has been regarded in quite a humorous light, but if all were to act under the sense of obligation to the government shown by the sender of this infinitesimal contribution, the fund might be big enough to build a dreadnought.

A detective who climbed two hundred feet in the air to arrest a steeplejack ought to rise rapidly in his chosen profession.

CRUISERS SENT TO STAMBOUL

American Forces are Ordered To Turkey.

COMPLICATIONS PILING UP.

Full Complements Of Marines Will Be Carried By the Two Cruisers When They Sail For Turkey.

Washington.—Two big American armored cruisers, the Tennessee and the Montana, have been given rush orders to proceed to Turkish waters, to look after the interests of American citizens. The vessels are now in reserve at the Philadelphia Navy Yard, the Tennessee being the flagship of Rear Admiral Austin M. Knight. They should reach Constantinople about November 25, if they proceed with dispatch.

Full complements of marines will be carried by the two cruisers when they sail for Turkish waters. Orders were issued for assembling the required number at Philadelphia. From the Norfolk Navy Yard 400 marines will be drawn. They will go by special train to Philadelphia.

The first disposition of the State Department had been to refrain from sending any American warships to the Bosphorus, for the double reason that their appearance might be taken as an evidence of American participation in the great political questions involved in the present Balkan war and its settlement; also that so rapid has been the progress of the war that probably the ships could not reach Constantinople in time to be of any service.

Since the President's return from Cincinnati, however, and after a conference with the State Department officials, the fact was demonstrated that American naval vessels could be employed as places of refuge for American citizens in Turkey, in case of general anarchy, or the existence of conditions of disorder, beyond the control of the military commanders on both sides.

The formal explanation of the issue of these orders is as follows:

"In view of rumors of possible disturbances in Turkey, the President has ordered two ships to proceed to the Mediterranean, with a view of relieving any apprehension that might be felt by American missionaries and educators, who are in great numbers, especially at Beirut and Smyrna. The American ambassador at Constantinople is under instructions to confer with his European colleagues, whose governments are more immediately interested, and are understood to be prepared to take what measures might be necessary if by any chance conditions of turbulence affecting the safety of foreigners should arise."

WIRELESSED ELECTION.

Steamers All Over the Pacific Ocean Catch and Interchange Bulletins.

San Francisco.—Fifteen thousand persons on board 50 steamships on the Pacific Ocean received election returns by wireless from stations in this city. The first wireless election bulletin was flashed at 8 o'clock and the operator had hardly closed his key upon the news that Governor Wilson had more than enough electoral votes to win before the operator on the Pacific Mail liner Nile, just entering the port of Honolulu from the Orient, confirmed it.

RAILROAD BLAMED.

Bad Roadbed Responsible For Natioch Wreck, Says Report.

Washington.—Severe condemnation of the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Railroad for not keeping that part of its roadbed near Natioch, Ill., "sufficiently well maintained to permit the operation of trains in safety" was voiced by a special report of Interstate Commerce Commission inspectors, following an investigation of the causes of the wreck at that point which, on August 25, killed one person and injured 25.

NINE KILLED IN WRECK.

Fifteen Others Injured When Freight and Work Trains Crash.

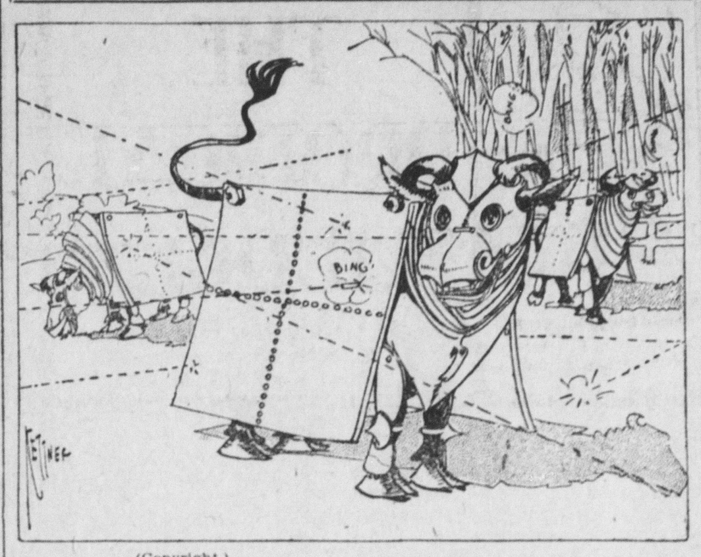
Cartersville, Ga.—Nine men are known to have been killed and 15 others injured in a head-on collision between a Louisville and Nashville freight train and a work train at Emerson, near here. A. B. Baker and B. Blankenship, foreman and assistant foreman of the work gang, respectively, were among the dead. The others were negroes. The wreck is said to have been due to a misunderstanding of signals.

CANNON BURNED IN EFFIGY.

Citizens Of Danville, Ill., Celebrate Uncle Joe's Defeat.

Danville, Ill.—To celebrate the defeat of Uncle Joe Cannon for Congress more than 1,000 persons gathered in the streets of Sidell, near here, and witnessed the burning in effigy of the ex-speaker. The effigy was carried through the streets on a stretcher and later set on fire in the principal street of the town.

THE DEER SEASON IS ON



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BIG CONTRACT CANAL PROJECTS

Enormous Amount of Steelwork Ordered.

HUGE COALING STATIONS.

Isthmian Canal Commission Has Begun Execution Of Its Extensive Plans For the Operation Of the Panama Canal.

Washington.—Beginning the execution of its extensive plans for the permanent projects for the operation of the Panama Canal, the Canal Commission has awarded a contract to the United States Steel Products Company for 7,000,000 pounds of structural steel work, to cost about $410,000.

The Commission's plans are for works seperate entirely from the canal construction, and include all the facilities that the government is to provide for the repair of ships, the upkeep of the vast canal machinery itself, the handling of coal and liquid fuel for shipping and permanent office buildings and accommodations for the small army of employes which will be required to operate the canal. There will be a large force of clerks and engineers under permanent employment.

The present contract covers machine shops, forge shops, steel storage sheds, paint and car shops, planing mills, foundries, coke sheds, boilerhouses, roundhouses and gashouses. This is only the beginning. Among the other facilities to be supplied are 1,000-foot piers for commercial use at Balboa, two wharves and one pier at Christobal, besides a mole and breakwater, to be followed by four other piers should the traffic justify it. There will be a great drydock at Balboa, 1,000 feet long, capable of accommodating any vessel that could pass through the canal locks. This will be on a rock foundation, built of concrete. A smaller drydock, at Balboa, will handle vessels up to 350 feet in length.

As the government is going into the business of supplying merchant vessels with fuel, water and other supplies, the Commission, according to the Canal Record, plans to locate the main coaling plant on the Atlantic side, capable of handling and storing 200,000 tons of coal, one-half of which will be kept under water, where it has been found to better retain its gaseous contents. There will be a lesser coaling plant on the Pacific side, at Balboa, capable of storing 100,000 tons of coal under and above water. In recognition of the rapid substitution of oil for coal as a marine fuel, the Commission has planned to erect four steel tanks, of 40,000 barrels capacity each, and contracts already have been placed for their construction.

The main repair shops for merchant vessels will be located at Balboa. They will be on a large scale, covering a ground space of 525,000 square feet. As far as possible the present machinery will be utilized in the new shops. One item of equipment, peculiar to the canal, will be one or two powerful floating cranes, capable of handling the giant steel lock gates of the canal when repairs are needed.

THE BALKAN WAR.

The Turkish Ambassador to the United States says his country can mobilize a new army in Asia Minor mightier than the one now pitted against allies.

The correspondent of the London Chronicle, in writing of the battle of Thrace, says it was a terrible and appalling defeat for the Turks, followed by a rout for which there is scarcely a parallel in history.

A wireless message from a foreign warship at Saloniki says that the Turkish army, which was defeated at Yenidje, about 14 miles from Saloniki, has reached that city in complete disorder.

The appeal of Turkey for an armistice made to the powers has been denied, and the fall of Constantinople is expected in a few days.

FIVE DAYS' FIGHT 55,000 MEN LOST

Terrible Slaughter in Front of Constantinople.

LAST FORTS HARD TO TAKE.

Two Large Turkish Forces That Are Probably Cut Off—Ports On the Adriatic and the Sea of Marmora Occupied.

London.—More than 100,000 men have fallen in the ferocious conflicts before Adrianople and Constantinople. In the five days' engagement along the line between Lule Burgas and Bunarhissar the Bulgarians, it was officially announced, lost 15,000 men killed or wounded. The Turkish casualties exceeded 40,000.

The Turkish garrison, it is reported, has been withdrawn from Salonika, after destroying a number of bridges forming the approaches to the city.

The American High School for Girls at Scutari, on the Asia Minor side of the Bosphorus, has sent its scholars of Bulgarian nationality on board one of the British cruisers now at Constantinople, owing to fears for their safety. The occupation of the Port of San Giovanni di Modua, on the Adriatic Sea, as well as of the cities of Alessio and Jakova by the Montenegrin troops is confirmed.

Between the Bulgarian army and Constantinople now stand only the Tchatalja forts, which are held by an army that has suffered a series of crushing defeats and that has been rendered, it is believed in military circles, incapable of making any sustained defense against a vigorous assault. Some villages in the vicinity of this last line of defense are reported already in the hands of the Bulgarians.

Preparations are being made for the protection of the menaced population of Constantinople, and at the request of the foreign ambassadors entrenchments have been thrown up at San Stefano and at Kiatkane so that if the rout that occurred after the previous battles should be repeated the mob of fleeing soldiery can be checked.

Should matters become more threatening in the Turkish capital the fleets of the powers may force the Dardanelles, in which case there would be 6,000 men available for landing with possible reinforcements from the Russian fleet in the Black Sea.

It is officially announced that the port of Rodosto, on the Sea of Marmona and the city of Visa, southeast of Adrianople, were occupied by the Bulgarian troops on November 5.

A HERRING IS A HERRING.

Important Decision Bearing On Fish Relationship.

Washington.—A herring is a herring. Assistant Secretary Curtis so answered the question. What is a Herring? which has been before the Treasury Department for many months.

It was recently discovered that many importations of sardines were coming into the United States under the guise of herring, the duty on which is considerably lower than on other fish. The Treasury Department made a deep study of the families and relationship of fishes, deciding that anchovies, brislings, sardines, sprats, pilchards and alewives are not herring, and should be assessed 30 per cent. ad valorem duty when shipped in tins and small packages and three-fourths of one cent when shipped in casks, etc.

EXPELLED SCHOLAR UPHELD.

Lad Who Refused To Salute Flag Returns To School.

Newark, N. J.—J. B. Betts, assistant state commissioner of education, upheld the refusal of Leofric Temple, formerly a pupil at the Grove public school, to swear allegiance to the American flag, and ordered that young Temple be received back in the school from which he was recently expelled. Young Temple is the son of a former officer in the British Army.

PRESIDENT PROCLAIMS DAY OF THANKSGIVING.

Washington. — According to the century-old custom, President Taft isued his proclamation setting aside the last Thursday of November as Thanksgiving Day. The presidential proclamation read:

"A God-fearing nation like ours owes it to its inborn and sincere sense of moral duty to testify its devout gratitude to the All Giver for the countless benefits it has enjoyed. For many years it has been customary at the close of the year for the National Executive to call upon his fellow-countrymen to offer praise and thanks to God for the manifold blessings vouchsafed to them in the past, and to unite in earnest supplicance for their continuance.

"The year drawing to a close has been notably favorable to our fortunate land. At peace within and without, free from the perturbations and calamities that have afflicted other people, rich in harvests so abundant, and industries so productive that the overflow of our prosperity has advantaged the whole world, strong in the steadfast conservation of the heritage of self-government bequeathed to us by the wisdom of our fathers, and firm in the resolve to transmit that heritage unimpaired, and rather improved by good use, to our children and our children's children for all time to come, the people of this country have abounding cause for contented gratitude.

"Therefore, I, William Howard Taft, president of the United States of America, in pursuance of long established usage, and in response to the wish of the American people, invite my countrymen, wheresoever they may sojourn, to join on Thursday, the 28th day of this month of November, in appropriate ascription of praise and thanks to God for the good gifts that have been our portion, and in humble prayers that His great mercies toward us may endure.

"In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

"Done at the city of Washington, this seventh day of November, A. D., 1912, and of the independence of the United States of America, the one hundred and thirty-seventh.

(Signed) "WILLIAM H. TAFT."

PROVISIONS FOR MAJORITY.

Bull Moose Likely To Be Disappointed In Their Expectations For Representation On National Commissions.

Washington.—Statements by Progressive party leaders that they will expect representation on non-partisan government boards, commissions, etc., has led to an examination here of the laws and precedents bearing on such appointments. This shows, it is declared, that the law makers, in creating non-partisan boards and commissions, made no provision for the selection of members from minority parties. Consequently, the general rule has been merely to prohibit more than a majority of the members of these boards and commissions being selected from one party, nothing being said from what party or parties the minority shall be chosen.

In accordance with this, President Wilson would be legally free in most cases to select minority members from any of the minority parties.

The Hepburn Rate Law, increasing the number of members of the Interstate Commerce Commission from five to seven, provided, that "not more than four commissioners shall be appointed from the same political party." The law governing the appointment of the three Civil Service Commissioners provides that "not more than two of whom shall be adherents of the same party."

The law creating the Board of General Appraisers, at New York, provides that "not more than five of whom shall be appointed from the same political party." The personnel of many commissions, such as the managers of the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers and the board of regents of the Smithsonian Institution, is determined upon by the Houses of Congress itself without regard to the law as to non-partisanship.

It is generally recognized that the question of moral support for the demand for representation will be passed upon by the Democratic leaders alone.

INFECTED WITH MOTH.

Federal Quarantine On a New England Christmas.

Washington.—The Department of Agriculture placed an embargo upon interstate shipment of Christmas trees from Maine, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut because of gypsy and brown-tail moths. The quarantine becomes effective November 25, and also affects the shipment of decorative plants, such as holly and laurel, known as "Christmas greens or greenery."

COMMERCIAL

Weekly Review of Trade and Market Reports.

Bradstreet's says:

"Trade movements, considered in a collective sense, show no material hesitancy because of the Presidential election.

"In the great surplus cereal producing sections buying is continuous unabated, and it is only in the East that there is a tendency to mark time, but there, as elsewhere, business is strongly buttressed with orders previously booked.

"The integral feature of the situation can be encompassed in the statement that there is need for goods and that stocks with first hands are light, the shortage of labor together with heavy consumptive requirements having made for under production.

"Business failures in the United States for the week were 256, against 229 last week, 200 in the like week of 1911, 179 in 1910, 212 in 1909 and 205 in 1908."

Wholesale Markets

NEW YORK—Wheat—Spot steady; No. 2 red, 106c elevator and 107 f o b afloat; No. 1 Northern Duluth, 98½ f o b afloat.

Corn—Spot steady; export, 58¼c f o b afloat, December and March.

Oats—Spot easier; standard white, 39c; No. 3, 38½; No. 4, 37½; natural white, 36½@39; white clipped, 38@41.

Eggs firm; receipts, 9,593 cases. Fresh gathered extras, 35@38c; extra firsts, 31@34; firsts, 26@30; seconds, 22½@25; fresh gathered dirties, No. 1, 22@23; No. 2, 19@21; refrigerator firsts, 22½@23½; Western gathered whites, 33@39; state, Pennsylvania and nearby gathered browns and mixed colors, 29@38.

Live poultry steady; Western chickens, 13½@14½c; fowls, 12½@14; turkeys, 16. Dressed irregular. Fresh killed Western chickens, 12@19; fowls, 15@18; turkeys, 16@20.

Potatoes steady; Maine, brl, $1.75@1.85; Southern sweets, $1@1.50.

PHILADELPHIA — Butter firm; Western creamery, ½c higher; Western creamery, extra, 32c.

Eggs firm, 30c per case higher; Pennsylvania and other nearby firsts, free cases, $9.60 per case; do, current receipts, free cases, $8.70@9.30; Western firsts, free cases, $9.60; do, current receipts, free cases, $8.70@9.30.

Potatoes firmer; good demand; Pennsylvania, choice, per bu, 60@65c.

BALTIMORE—Wheat—No. 2 red Western, 102½c; No. 2 red, 100½; No. 3 red, 98½; steamer No. 2 red, 95.

Corn—Year, 55⅞c nominal; spot mixed, 67 nominal; January, 55⅛.

Oats—We quote, per bu: No. 2 white, 40@40¼c; standard white, 38@38½; No. 3 white, 37@37¼; No. 4 white, 34¼a36¾.

Rye—No. 2 Western, domestic, 80@82c; No. 3, do, 76@77; No. 2, nearby, carlots, 76@78; bag lots, nearby, as to quality, 65@80.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, $21; standard timothy, $20@20.50; No. 2 timothy, $19@20; No. 3 do, $15@17; light clover mixed, $17.50@18; No. 1 clover mixed, $16.50@17; No. 2 clover mixed, $14@16; heavy clover mixed, $14.50@15.50; No. 1 clover, $13.50@14; No. 2 do, $11@13.

BUTTER—Creamery, fancy, 31@31½; creamery, choice, 29@30; cream, good, 27@28; creamery, prints, 31@33.

CHEESE—Jobbing lots, per lb, 20@21c.

EGGS — Maryland, Pennsylvania and nearby firsts, 29c; Western firsts, 29; West Virginia firsts, 28@29; Southern firsts, 27@28. Recrated and rehandled eggs ½ to 1c higher.

LIVE POULTRY — Chickens—Old hens, heavy, 14c; do do, small, to medium, 13; old roosters, 10; young, large, 15; do, small, 15. Ducks—White Pekings, 15; muscovy, 13@14; puddle, 12@14. Geese—Nearby, 12@13c; Western and Southern, 11@12. Turkeys—Young, choice, 8 lbs and over, 16@17c; old toms, 15. Guinea fowl, each—Old, 25c; young,

Live Stock

CHICAGO—Beeves, $5.25@11; Texas steers, $4.50@5.65; Western steers, $5.50@9.25; stockers and feeders, $4.25@7.50; cows and heifers, $2.75@7.25; calves, $6.75@10.50.

Hogs—Market strong, 5@10c higher; light, $7.15@7.90; mixed, $7.40@7.95; heavy, $7.10@7.90; rough, $7.10@7.30; pigs, $4.50@7.10; bulk of sales, $7.55@7.85.

Sheep—Market weak to 10c lower; native, 3.30@4.50; Western, $3.65@4.50; yearlings, $4.50@7.65; lambs, native, $5@7.10; Western, $5.25@7.

PITTSBURGH—Cattle steady; supply light. Choice, $8.75@9.25; prime, $8@8.65.

Sheep steady; supply fair. Prime wethers, $4.50@4.65; culls and commons, $2@2.50; lambs, $4@6.75; veal calves, $9@9.50.

Hogs slow. Prime heavies, $7.80@7.90; mediums, $7.70@7.75; heavy Yorkers, $7.50@7.65; light Yorkers, $7.40@7.50; pigs, $7@7.35; roughs, $6.50@7.

Paradoxical Promise.

"I want you to pay down."

"All right. I'll settle up."

ITCH Relieved in 30 Minutes.
Woolford's Sanitary Lotion for all kinds of contagious itch. At Druggists. Adv.

Unfortunately charity doesn't seem to possess any of the qualities of a boomerang.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle. Adv.

His Business.

"I see where Smith went to the wall."

"How did that happen."

"He's a bill poster."

For SUMMER HEADACHES
Hicks' CAPUDINE is the best remedy—no matter what causes them—whether from the heat, sitting in draughts, feverish condition, etc. 10c., 25c and 50c per bottle at medicine stores. Adv.

Its Kind.

"What is a voice from the tombs like?"

"It must be a skeleton's articulation."

So Many Like Tribble.

"Tribble is a discontented fellow. I don't believe he even knows what he wants."

"Oh, yes. He knows what he wants. What makes him discontented is the fact that he also knows he can't get it."

English Stump Speech.

A correspondent, "Old Briney," sends us the following specimen of frenzied stump oratory: "Feller blokes! Thanks ter th' guv'ment, yer got yer d'minishin' wage, and yer little loaf, an' all that. Wotcher got ter do now is ter go fer devil-ootion and local anatomy, an' go it blind!" (Loud cheers.)—London Globe.

Truth About Old Age.

George F. Baer, the famous Philadelphia railroad man, said on his seventieth birthday:

"I agree with Professor Metchnikoff about the wisdom of the old. Professor Osler made it fashionable to decry gray hairs, but my experience has been that the old not only possess wisdom, but they seek it also."

With a smile Mr. Baer added:

"The only people who think they are too old to learn are those who really are too young."

Probably Prize Grouch.

A grouchy butcher, who had watched the price of porterhouse steak climb the ladder of fame, was deep in the throes of an unusually bad grouch when a would-be customer, 8 years old, approached him and handed him a penny.

"Please, mister, I want a cent's worth of sausage."

Turning on the youngster with a growl, he let forth this burst of good salesmanship:

"Go smell o' the hook."—New Orleans Daily States.

Was Fun to Choose.

A number of drivers of racing cars who were in Louisville to participate in the motor races were present at a luncheon in honor of one of the leading contestants, who told several automobile stories.

"But my best story," said the racer, "is about a taxicab chauffeur. This man was discharged for reckless driving and so became a motorman on a trolley car.

"As he was grumbling over his fallen fortunes a friend said:

"'Oh, what's the matter with you? Can't you run over people just as much as ever?'

"'Yes,' the ex-chauffeur replied, 'but formerly I could pick and choose.'"

NO MEDICINE
But Change of Food Gave Final Relief.

Most diseases start in the alimentary canal—stomach and bowels.

A great deal of our stomach and bowel troubles come from eating too much starchy and greasy food.

The stomach does not digest any of the starchy food we eat—white bread, pastry, potatoes, oats, etc.—these things are digested in the small intestines, and if we eat too much, as most of us do, the organs that should digest this kind of food are overcome by excess of work, so that fermentation, indigestion, and a long train of ails result.

Too much fat also is hard to digest and this is changed into acids, sour stomach, belching gas, and a bloated, heavy feeling.

In these conditions a change from indigestible foods to Grape-Nuts will work wonders in not only relieving the distress but in building up a strong digestion, clear brain and steady nerves. A Wash. woman writes:

"About five years ago I suffered with bad stomach—dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation—caused, I know now, from overeating starchy and greasy food.

"I doctored for two years without any benefit. The doctor told me there was no cure for me. I could not eat anything without suffering severe pain in my back and sides, and I became discouraged.

"A friend recommended Grape-Nuts and I began to use it. In less than two weeks I began to feel better and inside of two months I was a well woman and have been ever since.

"I can eat anything I wish with pleasure. We eat Grape-Nuts and cream for breakfast and are very fond of it." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest. Adv.

THE PRODIGAL JUDGE

By VAUGHAN KESTER

ILLUSTRATIONS BY D. MELVILL

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SYNOPSIS.

The scene at the opening of the story is laid in the library of an old worn-out southern plantation, known as the Barony. The place is to be sold, and its history and that of the owners, the Quintards, is the subject of discussion by Jonathan Crenshaw, a business man, a stranger known as Bladen, and Bob Yancy, a farmer, when Hannibal Wayne Hazard, a mysterious child of the old southern family, makes his appearance. Yancy tells how he adopted the boy. Nathaniel Ferris buys the Barony, but the Quintards deny any knowledge of the boy. Yancy to Keep Hannibal. Captain Murrell, a friend of the Quintards, appears and asks questions about the Barony. Trouble at Scratch Hill, when Hannibal is kidnaped by Dave Blount, Captain Murrell's agent. Yancy overtakes Blount, gives him a thrashing and secures the boy. Yancy appears before Squire Balaam, and is discharged with costs for the plaintiff. Betty Malroy, a friend of the Ferrisses, has an encounter with Captain Murrell, who forces his attentions on her, and is rescued by Bruce Carrington. Betty sets out for her Tennessee home. Carrington takes the same stage. Yancy and Hannibal disappear, with Murrell on their trail. Hannibal arrives at the home of Judge Slocum Price. The Judge recognizes in the boy a grandson of an old time friend. Murrell arrives at Judge's home. Cavendish family on raft rescue Yancy, who is apparently dead. Price breaks jail. Betty and Carrington arrive at Belle Plain. Hannibal's rifle discloses some startling things to the judge. Hannibal and Betty meet again. Murrell arrives in Belle Plain. Is playing for big stakes. Yancy awakes from long dreamless sleep on board the raft. Judge Price makes startling discoveries in looking up land titles. Charley Norton, a young planter, who assists the judge, is mysteriously assaulted. Norton informs Carrington that Betty has promised to marry him. Norton is mysteriously shot. More light on Murrell's plot. He plans uprising of negroes. Judge Price, with Hannibal, visits Betty, and she keeps the boy as a companion. In a stroll Betty takes with Hannibal they meet Bess Hicks, daughter of the overseer, who warns Betty of danger and counsels her to leave Belle Plain at once. Betty, terrified, acts on Bess' advice, and on their way their carriage is stopped by Slosson, the tavern keeper, and a confederate, and Betty and Hannibal are made prisoners. The pair are taken to Hicks' cabin, in an almost inaccessible spot, and there Murrell visits Betty and reveals his part in the plot and his object. Betty spurns his proffered love and the interview is ended by the arrival of Ware, terrified at possible outcome of the crime. Judge Price, hearing of the abduction, plans action. The Judge takes charge of the situation, and search for the missing ones is instituted. Carrington visits the judge and allies are discovered. Judge Price visits Colonel Fentress, where he meets Yancy and Cavendish. Becoming enraged, Price dashes a glass of whisky into the colonel's face and a duel is arranged.

CHAPTER XXV. (Continued.)

"Hues!" cried Murrell in astonishment, for the man confronting him was the Clan's messenger who should have been speeding across the state.

"Toss up your hands, Murrell," said Hues quietly.

One of the other men spoke.

"You are under arrest!"

"Arrest!"

"You are wanted for nigger-stealing," said the man. Still Murrell did not seem to comprehend. He looked at Hues in dull wonder.

"What are you doing here?" he asked.

"Waiting to arrest you—ain't that plain?" said Hues, with a grim smile.

The outlaw's hands dropped at his side, limp and helpless. With some idea that he might attempt to draw a weapon one of the men took hold of him, but Murrell was nerveless to his touch; his face had gone a ghastly white and was streaked with the markings of terror.

"Well, by thunder!" cried the man in utter amazement.

Murrell looked into Hues' face.

"You—you—" and the words thickened on his tongue, becoming an inarticulate murmur.

"It's all up, John," said Hues.

"No," said Murrell, recovering himself. "You may as well turn me loose—you can't arrest me!"

"I've done it," answered Hues. "I've been on your track for six months."

"How about this fellow?" asked the man whose pistol still covered Ware. Hues glanced toward the planter and shook his head.

"Where are you going to take me?" asked Murrell quickly. Again Hues laughed.

"You'll find that out in plenty of time, and then your friends can pass the word around if they like; now you'll come with me."

Ware neither moved nor spoke as Hues and his prisoner passed back along the path, Hues with his hand on Murrell's shoulder, and one of his companions close at his heels, while the third man led off the outlaw's horse.

Presently the distant clatter of hoofs was borne to Ware's ears—only that; the miracle of courage and daring he had half expected had not happened. Murrell, for all his wild boasting, was like other men, like himself. His bloodshot eyes slid around in their sockets. There across the sunlit stretch of water was Betty—the thought of her brought him to quick choking terrors. The whole fabric of crime by which he had been benefited in the past or had expected to profit in the future seemed toppling in upon him, but his mind clutched one important fact. Hues, if he knew of Betty's disappearance, did not connect Murrell with it. Ware sucked in comfort between his twitching lips. Stealing niggers! No one would believe that he, a planter, had a hand in that, and for a brief instant he considered signaling Bess to return. Slosson must be told of Murrell's arrest; but he was sick with apprehension, some trap might have been prepared for him, he could not know; and the impulse to act forsook him.

He smote his hands together in a hopeless, beaten gesture. And Murrell had gone weak—with his own eyes he had seen it—Murrell—whom he believed without fear! He felt that he had been grievously betrayed in his trust and a hot rage poured through him. At last he climbed into the saddle and, swaying like a drunken man, galloped off.

When he reached the river road he paused and scanned its dusty surface. Hues and his party had turned south when they issued from the wood path. No doubt Murrell was being taken to Memphis. Ware laughed harshly. The outlaw would be free before another dawn broke.

He had halted near where Jim had turned his team the previous night after Betty and Hannibal had left the carriage; the marks of the wheels were as plainly distinguishable as the more recent trail left by the four men, and as he grasped the significance of that wide half circle his sense of injury overwhelmed him again. He hoped to live to see Murrell hanged!

He was so completely lost in his bitter reflections that he had been unaware of a mounted man who was coming toward him at a swift gallop, but now he heard the steady pounding of hoofs and, startled by the sound, looked up. A moment later the horseman drew rein at his side.

"Ware!" he cried.

"How are you, Carrington?" said the planter.

"You are wanted at Belle Plain," began Carrington, and seemed to hesitate.

"Yes—yes, I am going there at once—now—" stammered Ware, and gathered up his reins with a shaking hand.

"You've heard, I take it?" said Carrington slowly.

"Yes," answered Ware, in a hoarse whisper. "My God, Carrington, I'm heart sick; she has been like a daughter to me—I—" he fell silent, mopping his face.

"I think I understand your feeling," said Carrington, giving him a level glance.

"Then you'll excuse me," and the planter clapped spurs to his horse. Once he looked back over his shoulder; he saw that Carrington had not moved from the spot where they had met.

At Belle Plain, Ware found his neighbors in possession of the place. They greeted him quietly and spoke in subdued tones of their sympathy.

When he could he shut himself in his room. He had experienced a day of maddening anxiety; he had not slept at all the previous night; in mind and body he was worn out; and now he was plunged into the thick of this sensation. He must keep control of himself.

He sought to forecast the happenings of the next few hours. Murrell's friends would break jail for him, that was a foregone conclusion; but the insurrection he had planned was at an end. Hues had dealt its death blow. Moreover, though the law might be impotent to deal with Murrell, he could not hope to escape the vengeance of the powerful class he had plotted to destroy; he would have to quit the country. Ware gloated in this idea of craven flight. Thank God, he had seen the last of him!

But, as always, his thoughts came back to Betty. Slosson would wait at Hicks' place for the man Murrell had promised him, and, failing the messenger, for the signal fire, but there would be neither; and Slosson would be left to determine his own course of action. Ware felt certain that he would wait through the night, but as sure as the morning broke, if no word had reached him, he would send one of his men across the bayou, who must learn of Murrell's arrest, escape, flight—for in Ware's mind these three events were indissolubly associated. The planter's teeth knocked together. He was having a terrible acquaintance with fear, its very depths had swallowed him up; it was a black pit in which he sank from horror to horror. He had lost all faith in the Clan which had terrorized half a dozen states, which had robbed and murdered with apparent immunity, which had marketed its hundreds of stolen slaves. He had utterly collapsed at the first blow dealt the organization, but he was still seeing Murrell, pallid and shaken.

A step sounded in the hall and an instant later Hicks entered the room without the formality of knocking. Ware recognized his presence with a glance of indifference, but did not speak. Hicks slouched to his employer's side and handed him a note which proved to be from Fentress. Ware read and tossed it aside.

"If he wants to see me why don't he come here?" he growled.

"I reckon that old fellow they call Judge Price has sprung something sudden on the colonel," said Hicks. "He was out here the first thing this morning; you'd have thought he owned Belle Plain. There was a couple of strangers with him, and he had me in and fired questions at me for half an hour; then he hiked off up to The Oaks."

"Murrell's been arrested," said Ware in a dull level voice. Hicks gave him a glance of unmixed astonishment.

"No!"

"Yes, by God!"

"Who'd risk it?"

"Risk it? Man, he almost fainted dead away—a damned coward. Hell!"

"How do you know this?" asked Hicks, appalled.

"I was with him when he was taken—it was Hues—the man he trusted more than any other!" Ware gave the overseer a ghastly grin and was silent, but in that silence he heard the drumming of his own heart. He went on. "I tell you, to save himself, John Murrell will implicate the rest of us; we've got to get him free, and then, by hell—we ought to knock him in the head; he isn't fit to live!"

"The jail ain't built that'll hold him!" muttered Hicks.

"Of course he can't be held," agreed Ware. "And he'll never be brought to trial; no lawyer will dare appear against him, no jury will dare to find him guilty; but there's Hues, what about him?" He paused. The two men looked at each other for a long moment.

"Where did they carry the captain?"

"I don't know."

"It looks like the Clan was in a hell-fired hole—but, shucks! What will be easier than to fix Hues?—and while they're fixing folks they'd better not overlook that old fellow Price. He's got some notion about Fentress and the boy." Mr. Hicks did not consider it necessary to explain that he was himself largely responsible for this.

"How do you know that?" demanded Ware.

"He as good as said so." Hicks looked uneasily at the planter. He knew himself to be compromised. The stranger named Cavendish had forced an admission from him that Murrell would not condone if it came to his knowledge. He had also acquired a very proper and wholesome fear of Judge Slocum Price. He stepped close to Ware's side. "What'll come of the girl, Tom? Can you figure that out?" he questioned, sinking his voice almost to a whisper. But Ware was incapable of speech, again his terrors completely overwhelmed him. "I reckon you'll have to find another overseer. I'm going to strike out for Texas," said Hicks.

Ware's eyes met his for an instant. He had thought of flight, too; was still thinking of it, but greed was as much a part of his nature as fear; Belle Plain was a prize not to be lightly cast aside, and it was almost his. He lurched across the room to the window. If he were going to act, the sooner he did so the better, and gain a respite from his fears. The road down the coast slid away before his heavy eyes; he marked each turn, then a palsy of fear shook him, his heart beat against his ribs, and he stood gnawing his lips while he gazed up at the sun.

"Do you get what I say, Tom? I am going to quit these parts," said Hicks. Ware turned slowly from the window.

"All right, Hicks. You mean you want me to settle with you, is that it?" he asked.

"Yes, I'm going to leave while I can; maybe I can't later on," said Hicks stolidly. He added: "I am going to start down the coast as soon as it turns dark, and before it's day again I'll have put the good miles between me and these parts."

"You're going down the coast?" and Ware was again conscious of the quickened beating of his heart. Hicks nodded. "See you don't meet up with John Murrell," said Ware.

"I'll take that chance. It seems a heap better to me than staying here."

Ware looked from the window. The shadows were lengthening across the lawn.

"Better start now, Hicks," he advised.

"I'll wait until it turns dark."

"You'll need a horse."

"I was going to help myself to one. This ain't no time to stand on ceremony," said Hicks shortly.

"Slosson shouldn't be left in the lurch like this—or your brother's folks—"

"They'll have to figure it out for themselves, same as me," rejoined Hicks.

"You can stop there as you go by."

"No," said Hicks. "I never did believe in this damn foolishness about the girl, and I won't go near George's—"

"I don't ask you to go there; you can give them the signal from the head of the bayou. All I want is for you to stop and light a fire on the shore. They'll know what that means. I'll give you a horse and fifty dollars for the job."

Hicks' eyes sparkled, but he only said:

"Make it twice that and maybe we can deal."

Racked and tortured, Ware hesitated; but the sun was slipping into the west; his windows blazed with the hot light.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

The Planter's Knees Knocked Together.

Their Romance.

"He loves me, he loves me not," said Maud Muller, as she went through the garden picking potato bugs off the potato plants.

"He loves me."

She picked a potato bug.

"He loves me not."

She gathered another potato bug.

"A thrifty girl, forsooth," declared the judge. "Instead of playing that game with daisy petals, she plays it with potato bugs."

He proposed, they were married, and if the recall does not go into effect they will doubtless live happily.

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THE CENTRE REPORTER.

ISSUED WEEKLY.

S. W. SMITH, . . . Editor and Proprietor.

Entered at the Post Office in Centre Hall as Second Class mail matter.

CENTRE HALL, . . . PENN'A.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1912

TERMS.—The terms of subscription to the Reporter are one dollar per year in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES—Display advertisement of ten or more inches, for three or more insertions, ten cents per inch for each issue. Display advertising occupying less space than ten inches and for less than three insertions, from fifteen to twenty-five cents per inch for each issue, according to composition. Minimum charge, seventy-five cents.

Local notices accompanying display advertising five cents per line for each insertion; otherwise, eight cents per line, minimum charge, twenty-five cents.

Legal notices, twenty cents per line for three insertions, and ten cents per line for each additional insertion.

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS.

Presbyterian—Centre Hall, morning.

Reformed—Tusseyville, morning; Centre Hall, afternoon.

Methodist—Centre Hall, morning; Spruce-town, afternoon; Spring Mills, evening.

Lutheran—Union, communion, morning, preparatory service Friday and Saturday evenings, Georges Valley, morning, Luther Day Services. Mrs. Helen C. Beegley, field secretary of the Woman's Home and Foreign Missionary Society, will make the address, and a program will be rendered by the members of the Sunday-school. Centre Hall, evening.

The Democrats who voted for Roosevelt are content just to let the matter drop there.

The Misses Wilson are real ladies, —not freaks. There"ll be no cigarette smell from the White House ladies.

Teddy wasn't as big a man in the mind of the people as he thought he was. Measured by others, he got his real dimensions.

Among the spoils of victory were twenty-one Democratic Governors, while the Republicans and Progressives got about seven.

Bryan's Commoner devotes its first page to the poultry business, or at least it has a row of roosters there that look like prize winners.

Now about scup: Brother Wilson during the next four years, will likely dish it out to Democrats, and the supply will not be equal to the demand.

And "Nick" Longworth was made a private, too. The voters of the first Congressional District in Ohio didn't think it worth while to reelect Alice's husband.

LOCALS

Miss Sallie Keller, of Boalsburg, is among friends in Centre Hall.

A. P. Krape and W. H. Homan will hunt with the Zimmermans in the Allegheny Mountains.

Better get your seats for the Boston Male Quartette, the second number of the Centre Hall Lecture Course, in Grange Arcadia, on Thanksgiving evening.

Mrs. Augustus Miller, whose death occurred at Mill Hall last week, was the mother of Richard Miller, who died a week previous in Centre Hall, at the home of his aunt, Mrs. James H. Smetzler.

The Bradford hunting party is located on its old grounds, the Sunday farm, in the Seven Mountains. "Tigers," is the name of a new hunting club formed, and is located at Cold Springs, on Thick Head, in the Seven Mountains.

Keep in mind the sale advertised for Saturday afternoon by C. D. Bartholomew and George E. Breon, at the Bartholomew stables. They will sell, among many other things, a rubber-tired carriage, buggies, wagons, sleigh, sled, 100 hens, 75 pullets, fancy double driving harness, express harness.

Two sad hunting tragedies occurred near Lewistown late Saturday afternoon. Harry A. Price was fatally shot near Lilleyville, and John C. Nipple was the victim of a hunting accident in Ferguson Valley, that resulted in his death. Price's death was almost instantaneous. Nipple lingered about twelve hours after being shot

Prof. Davis, of Bucknell University, accompanied twenty-eight young ladies, students at the institution, to Penns Cave to see the great and beautiful cavern. After inspecting it, Misses Florence Mitchell, Penns Grove, New Jersey, Marion Shivers, Haddonfield, New Jersey, and Mary M. Brown, of Braddock, accompanied their college chum, Miss Mary Delinda Potter, to Centre Hall, and remained here over Sunday.

A large Holstein bull on Sunday evening came near undoing George Searson, of near Linden Hall. Mr. Searson went into the field in which the bull was in pasture with the cattle to drive them to the barn. The brute at once showed a bad disposition, and made a plunge, knocking Mr. Searson down. The man managed to get hold of the ring in the nose of his assailant, and this lucky hold saved his life. The bull was overcome, and when help was given he was taken safely to the barn. Mr. Searson has a number of abrasions and bruises on his body as a result of the conflict, in which at one time in the scrimmage he thought he would be the loser.

Golden Wedding.

At Orangeville, Illinois, Mr. and Mrs. James M. Miller celebrated their golden wedding a few days ago. Mr. Miller is the son of the late Capt. John Miller, of Millheim, and was born in that town in 1840. Mrs. Miller is the daughter of Henry Wile, and was born at Spring Mills. Their marriage took place at Madisonburg in 1862, to which place the Wile family had moved. Five years later Mr. and Mrs. Miller went to Illinois, and for a short time also lived in Wisconsin. Returning to Illinois they lived on a farm near Orangeville for more than forty years, and live retired in that town. Five of their eight children are living.

Marriage Licenses.

Harry P. Swartz, Snow Shoe
Minnie Hastings, Bellefonte

Charles Faxion, Bellefonte
Ruth Young, Bellefonte

Boyd Hazel, Madisonburg
May Detrick, Madisonburg

Malcolm Waite, Bellefonte
Margaret Coble, Lemont

George T. Allen, Waddle
Ida Confer, Waddle

J. Fleming, Lodi, Ohio
Ada M. Runkle, Potters Mills

Edward Hull, Bellefonte
Cora Owen, Axe Mann

Meets Death in Gunning Accident.

Earnest Mulholland and Joshua Dougherty, each about seventeen years old, were out for pheasants in the Pine Glen region of Centre county Monday. Mulholland, who was a few steps in the rear of Dougherty, raised his gun to fire at a bird that had been routed. As he fired he stepped into a depression in the ground and stumbled. The charge caught young Doughtery in the head and neck and almost severed his head from his body. He died in a few minutes. Both live near Karthous.

The Hooven Mercantile Co. Dividend No. 88

The Directors of The Hooven Mercantile Company have declared the regular quarterly dividend of one and one-half per cent. on the preferred stock and one per cent. on the common stock, payable on December 1st to stockholders of record November 16th. Checks will be mailed. adv.

Aaronsburg.

Mrs. E. R. Wolfe and son Jason, of Wolfe's Store, spent a few days with Mrs. William Haines.

Mrs. William Wolfe returned to her home after spending a few days under the parental roof, near Woodward.

Mrs Albert Johnson, who has been a sufferer from rheumatism for several weeks is very much better at present.

Mr. and Mrs. Boob and daughter Mabel, of Woodward, spent a day very pleasantly at the home of their son-in-law, William Wolfe.

Mrs. R. Emma Hess, returned to the home of her sister, Mrs. (Dr.) Deshler, last week after spending a few months with her cousin, in the western states.

Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Bower have gone to spend a few days with their son, Ebon Bower, in Bellefonte. Mr. Bower is the delegate to the Young Men's Christian Association, which convention convened there this week.

Last week A. S. Stover, Esq., entertained an auto party from Lebanon, comprised of Harry Wolfe, Ray Worrell, Mr. and Mrs. Louser, Miss Annie Louser. They were well pleased with our little village. From here they went to State College, where Mr. Louser's son is a student.

Potters Mills

Miss Anna Burkins is visiting her aunt Mrs. Orvis Horner at Colyer.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Palmer spent Sunday at the home of Luther Royer.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Bible and children spent Sunday at the home of W. W. McCormick.

Frank Harshbarger was taken to the University Hospital at Philadelphia by Dr. Braucht.

Farmers are busy husking corn. Many of them will finish this week if the weather is favorable.

Mrs. Catharine Carson returned from State College where she spent several weeks with relatives.

Mrs. Dora Moyer, of State College, spent last week with Mrs. Ashbridge Thomas and other friends here.

Samuel and J. Frank McCoy, of Philadelphia, and Lloyd Smith, of Johnstown are here hunting.

Spring Mills.

The Lutherans had communion services last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Bruce McCormick went to housekeeping on Tuesday.

The schools are closed and the teachers are attending institute at Bellefonte.

Miss Mabel Long spent Saturday and Sunday with Lulu Schenck, of Howard.

Ward Gramley and family, of Millheim, spent Sunday at the T. M. Gramley home.

Rev. Kennelly and son, of Carlisle, spent a few days with friends and relatives in this place. Mrs. Kennelly accompanied her son to his home on Tuesday.

The harness show on in Altoona was attended by D. A. Boozer, of Centre Hall.

SADDLE MAKING IN MEXICO.

Entire Families Often Take Part in the Home Industry.

The making of saddles, while in the aggregate an important local Mexican industry, is purely a home affair, the artisans for the most part working independently in their own homes and often pressing the entire family into service. The manager of the largest wholesale and retail dealers in saddles in Mexico City says that all the saddles which they handle are made locally at home by hand, and he estimates that more than 100 families in the city are similarly employed.

Many of these handmade saddles are handsomely carved and most creditable in appearance, although the leather as a rule is far inferior to that used in American saddles. It is the practice of retailers to furnish the trees, leather and fittings of all kinds to the workmen and pay them for their actual labor. The labor is the cheapest item entering into saddle construction, many entire families being satisfied with a wage of 50 cents to $1 American currency per day.

The saddletrees used for the better grade of saddle are imported from the state of Colima, the cheaper grade of saddles using a tree of local make. No American saddles or saddletrees are carried in stock by local merchants, but are ordered from time to time according to the specifications of the individual purchaser.—Trade and Consular Reports.

ROLLING THUNDER.

Why the Rumble at Times Is So Long Drawn Out.

The prolonged roll of thunder is readily explained by comparison with a volley fired along a line of troops.

Suppose troops to be drawn up on a line in such numbers as to extend for a mile and ordered by a signal that all could see to fire at once. One standing at the end of the line would hear the report of the musket nearest him instantly. He would hear the others successively. Thus a report 550 feet away would come to him in half a second, and he would not hear the last report for five or six seconds after the gun had been fired. This would produce a sort of roll, which would gradually increase in intensity.

If the listener stood exactly midway between the two ends of the line the reports from both ends would reach him at once, and the sound would be but half as long in reaching him as if he stood at one extremity. If the soldiers formed a circle there would be one sharp explosion.

Flashes of lightning may be considered as representing three lines of troops along which the explosions occur at the same time. Consider the variety of distance and position of the listener and we account for the variety of sound in thunder. In mountainous regions the rolling is augmented by reverberations or echoes.

Pharaohs Had the Hookworm.

The hookworm has been preying on man perhaps for thousands of years. A papyrus written 3,400 years ago contains a description of a disease in Egypt which many physicians declare was the hookworm disease. It describes it too accurately to be anything else. In recent times it was observed in Egypt first in 1833, but the first recorded treatment was made in 1887. Whether or not malaria was one of the chief causes of the downfall of Greece and Rome, it is very certain that hookworm disease has played a part in Asiatic history. The anemic condition of millions of people, century after century, has profoundly affected their economic life, their intellectual qualities, their social habits and ideals and their religion. Of that there can be no doubt.—World's Work.

How She Jogged Memory.

Little Marjorie was taking her first lessons in dancing. The teacher noticed that Marjorie always failed to put out her left foot when commanded to do so. The teacher was patient and thought Marjorie would learn in time, but a number of lessons did not seem to make her know when to put out her left foot. Marjorie would put out that foot when the other children were placing their right feet foremost. Finally the teacher asked Marjorie for an explanation.

"Well, you see," said Marjorie, "I've got a hollow place in a tooth on the left side, and I always have to find that hollow place with my tongue to find out which is my left foot."—Indianapolis News.

Silenced.

"What did you mean by starting the story that I was an unbeliever in the Scriptures?" asked the deacon in great wrath.

"Well, deekin," said the man who had originated the report, "you know you told me that all you said about that hoss I bought was as true as gospill. An' you know how true it was."

"Er—ah," said the deacon.

Didn't Go In.

"I see you passed a candy store on your way home this evening."

"How in the world did you know that?"

"Because you didn't bring any candy with you."—Houston Post.

Spiteful.

"I'd like to see the man who could persuade me to promise to love, honor and obey him," said Miss Wellalong.

"I don't blame you," replied the pert young bride.—Chicago Record-Herald.

There is not a single moment in life that we can afford to lose.—Goulburn.

It will pay you to advertise in the Centre Reporter.

TROUBLES OF THE EAR.

Many of Them Are Caused by Abuses of Some Kind.

The best way to care for the ear is to study the things not to do. It is one of the most independent of organs, knowing very well how to take care of itself. If it is duly respected little trouble or none will result. In cases where something unforeseen goes wrong a physician should be consulted at once.

Almost all troubles of the ear are due to abuses of some kind. The wax seems to worry a great many people, and in their concern they usually manage to seriously interfere with its functions. In the healthy ear the wax, or cerumen, is a thin yellowish fluid that thickens into a paste as it dries. Nature provides for its natural exit from the ear passage by uniting it with the tiny flakes of dead skin which fall outward unnoticed either by seeing or feeling. Thus wax does not accumulate in a healthy ear, which has just enough to make sticky the stiff little hairs that grow in the passage.

Instruments should never be poked into the ear by the inexperienced nor wads of material continually mopped and squeezed into the opening for cleansing. Usually such treatment induces an increase or caking of wax. Hot water is the best solvent for wax, 105 to 115 degrees F. If the need of it is imperative gently syringe the ear with it. Cotton plugs in the ear are useful at times, but should be used no more than absolutely necessary, for they obstruct the canal and interfere with the natural way of casting off wax.—Exchange.

THE SUN AS AN ARTIST.

Discovery Upon Which Turn All the Wonders of Photography.

There is a wide variety in the pace at which the sun can give a color or change it. A winter apple may be a month in reaching its ruddiness, a peach may take only one week to flush into its mantle of maturity, but the most nimble work of the solar ray in its decoration of fruit and flower is not to be compared with what it accomplishes in other departments. When its power was brought to bear upon some familiar chemicals it was found that its action was reduced from days to seconds.

Upon this discovery turn all the wonders of photography. At first silver nitrate—or lunar caustic, as it was commonly called—was used in the camera. From time to time other substances of greater and greater sensitiveness to light have been produced, every one of them successively giving the solar beam a wider play and more astonishing power.

Today, with the exposure of a photographic plate, not only are the beatings of an insect's wings caught in the camera, but also the path of a cannonball, the skyward flight of exploded rock, and the sinuous glint of lightning.—Chicago Record Herald.

Laugh and Live Long.

It has been aptly said that there is not the remotest corner of the inlet of the minute blood vessels of the human body that does not feel some wavelet from the convulsions occasioned by good hearty laughter. The life principle of the central man is shaken to its innermost depths, sending new tides of life and strength to the surface, thus materially tending to insure good health to the persons who indulge therein. The blood moves more rapidly and conveys a different impression to all the organs of the body as it visits them on that particular mystic journey when the man is laughing from that conveyed at other times. For this reason every good, hearty laugh in which a person indulges tends to lengthen his life, conveying as it does new and distinct stimulus to the vital forces.

What Wellington Was Doing.

When Sir John Steell, the sculptor, had the Iron Duke sitting for a statue he tried to induce him to look warlike. All his efforts were in vain, however, for Wellington seemed, judging by his face, never to have heard of Waterloo or Talavera. At last Sir John lost his patience. "As I am going to make this statue of your grace," he exclaimed, "can you not tell me what you were doing before, say, the battle of Salamanca? Were you not galloping about the field, cheering on your men to deeds of valor by words and action?"

"Bah!" said the duke in evident scorn. "If you really want to model me as I was on the morning of Salamanca, then do me crawling along a ditch on my stomach with a telescope in my hand!"

Suspicious Fervor.

"Well, brother," said the deacon, "that was a fine prayer you made last night."

"Thank you, deacon. I am very glad to hear you say so."

"Yes, it was a splendid prayer, long and fervent. And, say, what have you been doing anyway? You can confide in me with the utmost confidence. I wouldn't betray you for anything in the world."—Chicago Record-Herald.

Willing.

"Now," began the philosopher, "take the life of your neighbor, for instance. He"—

"I'd do it in a minute," interrupted the practical man, "if the law would not interfere. He's learning to play the cornet."

Chocolate.

Do not take time to grate chocolate. Put the desired amount in a saucepan and place over the top of a teakettle until melted.

Centre Reporter, $1 a year, in advance.

LIVED UP TO THE TEXT.

It Made a Deep Impression on Little Julia, and She Did Her Best.

"Be not forgetful to entertain strangers, for thereby some have entertained angels unawares."

The foregoing quotation is from chapter xiii, verse 2, book of Hebrews, and it is introduced solely because it constitutes a vital part of this story. Julia is ten years old, and she goes to Sunday school. It appears that on a recent occasion the Sunday school teacher had considerable to say about this matter of "entertaining angels unawares." Anyway, it made a deep impression with Julia.

A few days after the lesson Julia's mother left her in charge of the house for a few hours. When the mother returned she went to a particular cup in the cupboard to extract therefrom a half dollar. In this cup is kept the family pin money, and Julia's mother knew that she had put 50 cents there before she had gone out. But the half dollar was gone. There was an expression of anxiety on Julia's face, and mother scented mischief.

"Did you take that money?" asked the mother, somewhat severely.

Julia broke into tears. "I gave it to a man that came to the back door," sobbed the little girl.

"Gave it to a man!" exclaimed the mother. "What for?"

"I thought he might be an angel unawares," replied Julia.—Kansas City Star.

IT WAS NAPOLEON.

The Boy Finally Recognized Him and Won a Compliment.

One afternoon the boy of Tunis while visiting in Paris was conducted to the gallery of battle pictures. They first showed to him Philip Augustus at Bouvines.

"That's Napoleon I., isn't it?" said the boy.

"No," said M. de Nolhac, "that is not Napoleon I., but, quite the same, a great warrior."

They passed to St. Louis, who, on the bridge of Taillebourg, was battling like the Archangel Michael himself.

"That's Napoleon I.?" queried the boy with a wink of the eye.

"No," said M. de Nolhac.

They arrived at Henri IV., who was carrying bread to the besieged Parisians.

"Napoleon I.?"

"No; that's Henry IV."

The boy was visibly disappointed. They skipped Louis XIV. and XV. and passed quickly to the wars of the empire. They stopped before the battle of Austerlitz.

"Napoleon I.?" said the boy.

"Yes," said M. de Nolhac. "How your highness has recognized it! How admirable that is! Ah, truly, your highness knows the history of France marvelously well."—Cri de Paris.

When the Budding Composer Was Flogged by Royal Command.

An amusing incident of the healthy boyhood of the great composer, Joseph Haydn, is given by Mary Maxwell Moffat in her biography of the Austrian empress, Maria Theresa.

When von Reutter became choirmaster of St. Stephen's cathedral he had Joseph Haydn among his pupils.

During a visit to the Hungarian Prince Esterhazy, in 1773, Maria Theresa took occasion to say a word of praise to Haydn, who had composed the music of the opera given in her honor and had conducted the performance. She expressed the conviction that she had seen him before, although she could not remember the occasion.

"The last time your majesty was pleased to take notice of me," said Haydn, "you ordered me a good thrashing."

"That does not sound like me," rejoined the empress. "How did it happen?"

Then Haydn told of a Whitsuntide when, with other pupils of Von Reutter, he had been brought to Schoenbrunn to sing in the chapel. Between the services the boys took to clambering over the scaffolding of the new wings of the palace. The empress caught sight of them and sent word forbidding the dangerous sport. But the attraction of the scaffolding was irresistible. On the following day the boys were again risking their necks. When Maria Theresa expostulated with Von Reutter his surmise that the ringleader was "that young scamp, Joseph Hadyn," led her to suggest that the rod be used to improve his memory.

The Glowworm Cavern.

The greatest wonder of the antipodes is the celebrated glowworm cavern, discovered in 1891 in the heart of the Tasmanian wilderness. The cavern or caverns (there appears to be a series of such caverns in the vicinity, each separate and distinct) are situated near the town of Southport, Tasmania, in a limestone bluff, about four miles from Ida bay. The appearance of the main cavern is that of an underground river, the entire floor of the subterranean passage being covered with water about a foot and a half in depth. These wonderful Tasmanian caves are similar to all caverns found in limestone formation, with the exception that their roofs and sides literally shine with the light emitted by the millions of glowworms which inhabit them.

Strange Cure For Lunacy.

Our forefathers were so fond of the whip that they seem to have regarded it as a cure for lunacy and even for smallpox. The accounts of a Huntingdonshire parish under date 1691 have the entry, "Pd. in charges taking up a distracted woman, watching her and whipping her next day, 8s. 6d.," and a few years later eightpence is paid for "whipping two people yt had the smallpox."—London Standard.

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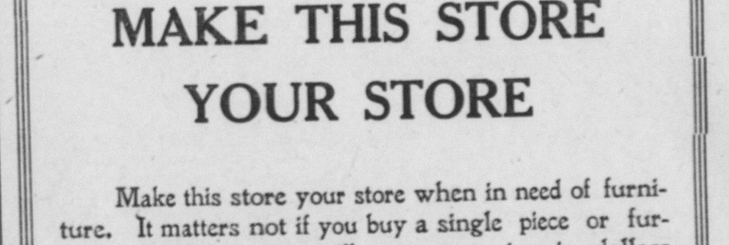
Make this store your store when in need of furniture. It matters not if you buy a single piece or furnish a whole house, it will mean a saving in dollars and cents such as you can't get elsewhere.

Our stock is most complete; the latest and most up-to-date styles of the most dependable furniture, and our whole atm will be to please every one of our customers and to give them the most for their money.

Brighten up the house for the Winter. Another rocker for the living room, a table or stand, a couch, will add cheer. Perhaps a buffet or sideboard, a new table or chairs would cheer up the dining room. The bedroom could be make more comfortable by adding a new bed, a dresser, or even a good easy rocker.

If you get it here you get it Good

F. V. Goodhart
Centre Hall



The Marlin 12 or 16 GAUGE Repeating Shotgun

Made famous by its dependability. The solid top and side ejection keep gases and powder away from your eyes; help quick, effective repeat shots. Rain, sleet, snow and foreign matter can't get into the action. The mechanism is strong, simple, wear-resisting. The double extractors pull any shell instantly; two special safety devices prevent accidental discharge while action is unlocked, and an automatic recoil block makes hang fires harmless. All Marlins are strongly made, finely balanced, accurate, hard hitting guns, and are the quickest and easiest to take down and clean. Illustration shows Model 24 grade "A" 12 gauge; it has all the features that make for a perfect gun.

Send three stamps postage today for our 136 page catalog describing the full Marlin line.

The Marlin Firearms Co.
42 Willow Street New Haven, Conn.

It pays to reload your shells! Your empty fired shells are the expensive part of factory ammunition. They're as strong and good as new, and it's easy to reload! Merely de-cap and re-cap shell, insert powder, crimp shell on to bullet. You reload 100 .32-40 S. R. cartridges (buying bullets) in ½ hour at total expense 77c.; casting bullets yourself 38c.; new factory cartridges cost $2.52. Free—Ideal Hand Book tells all about reloading all rifle, pistol and shotgun ammunition; 160 pages of valuable information; free for 3 stamps postage. The Marlin Firearms Co., 42 Willow St., New Haven, Conn.

James Kimport Dead.

The Reporter is called upon to record the death of one of its old friends, James Kimport, of near Linden Hall. The death occurred Wednesday morning after an illness of about ten days, and was due to paralysis. Had he lived until April 17th next, he would have attained the age of eighty years. Regardless of his age, up to within a short time ago, Mr. Kimport enjoyed fairly good health, and up until quite recently made trips to Linden Hall and other nearby points.

Funeral services will be held on Friday morning, services at the home at 9:30 o'clock, and interment at Sprucetown in the family burying plot. Rev. J. Max Lantz will be the officiating minister.

Mr. Kimport is the last of the nine children of John Kimport. The father came to Harris township from Lebanon county, and the mother (Fortney) from Lancaster county. For many years they lived in "the old house" on the Kimport farm, and it was there the children were born, and the subject of this sketch lived there, and later in the new improvements, all his life. He and his sister, Miss Lizzie, who died a year ago, kept up the Kimport home. Neither of them were married, but took into their home A. B. Kimport, former prothonotary of this county, and his sister, Miss Elizabeth, and reared them. The latter remained there until the present time, repaying as well as she could the kindnesses bestowed by the uncle when she was a child.

Mr. Kimport was a stanch Democrat, and some years ago was the candidate of his party for county treasurer. He was a man of kindly disposition, always willing to favor his friends and neighbors, and honest in his dealings with every one.

ENTERTAINMENT FRIDAY EVENING.

C. Lawrence Abbott at Spring Mills—Entertainer and Impersonator.

C. Lawrence Abbott, entertainer and impersonator, will be in the Grange Hall, Spring Mills, Friday evening, 15th instant. Mr. Abbott was secured through the Scorer Lyceum Buresu, Philadelphia, and is an artist of high and wide reputation. He will present "Aunt Jane of Kentucky" in costume, and make her and "Samantha Allen" living characters before your eyes.

The entertainer's literature contains recommendations from all sections of the country, and all classes of people.

The admissions are fifteen and twenty-five cents. Course tickets, $1.00, which admits to all of the five numbers in the course. For tickets, etc, inquire at the post office, Spring Mills. adv.

W. C. T. U. Reception.

The local W. C. T. U. will give a reception to its new members in Grange Arcadia Friday evening. A suitable program will be rendered and a light lunch served. An invitation is extended to all members of the society as well as to the families to which they belong.

LOCALS

The directors of the Patron's Rural Telephone Company are in session today (Thursday) in the grand jury room, in the court house.

Mrs. John Close and two children, and Mrs. Charles Corl, of Boalsburg, and Mrs. Nathaniel Zeiglar, of Linden Hall, visited Mrs. John Ruble in this place.

Since the election, former Prothonotary A. B. Kimport has been at the Kimport home, near Linden Hall, assisting in the care of his uncle, James Kimport, a notice of whose death appears in this issue.

Miss Ferma Hoover is in Altoona to which place she went with the view of taking a course in nursing in the hospital in that city. She is a graduate of the Centre Hall High School and a young girl of pluck as well as ability.

Mrs. H. J. Lambert, son Earl and daughter Ruth, on Sunday went to Millheim in their auto car, making the trip to that town in thirty-five minutes. While there they were at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Guy Springer.

David F. Kapp, cashier of the First National bank at State College, was operated on for appendicitis at the Huntingdon hospital. He withstood the ordeal exceeding well, but the physicians were somewhat alarmed, owing to his general weakened condition.

The out-of-town members of the Masonic order who attended the funeral of J. A. Reesman were: W. H. Stuart, John M. Wieland, W. D. Ludwig, Boalsburg; Frank E. Wieland, Linden Hall; H. F. Rossman, Rev. J. Max Lantz, Spring Mills; D. J. Neiman, E. W. Mauck, E. L. Auman, Millheim.

The citizens of Spring Mills did a wise thing when they organized a lecture course, the first number of which will be presented on Friday evening. The course tickets sell for $1.00, and admit to all of the five numbers making up the course. The venture is a new one in that town, but one that cannot fail to prove successful. The entertainments, lectures, musicals, etc., will be held in the Grange Hall at Spring Mills.

THE MIGHTY ONION.

A Tribute to This Vegetable With an Artistic Temperament.

Kill the onion and you leave a gap in the universe. Kill anything else and there is a substitute. The potato is akin to the cereals; squash and cabbage and turnips and cauliflower are of the same family; beans are elongated peas; the lemon is a pessimistic orange, beef reincarnated grass, watermelons just the survivor of a very fit cucumber, and so on.

But the onion is sui generis, alone, unique, triumphant. It is a special creation to tempt the palate of a weary world.

The onion proves the futility of man's wisdom. He might have guessed at everything else under the sun, but he would have never guessed an onion. Science may deduce a new star before it becomes visible or radium before its discovery, but this succulent, starry vegetable would have gone uninvented forever had not its own insinuating yet not bashful qualities forced themselves into tear brimmed eyes and liquescent anticipatory lips.

With what a mixture of gratitude and awe should we view the spectacle of nature turning her energies to the transmuting of mere clay into a vegetable with an artistic temperament!—Richmond Times-Dispatch.

HELD BY A COBRA.

Agony of a Prisoner In a Military Jail In India.

In the military cantonments of India the punishment cells, which are about fourteen feet high by twelve feet square, stand separately. There are no windows, but one side is a grille, the iron bars being about five inches apart.

On one occasion when a private was confined in one of them a large cobra, one of the most deadly reptiles in India, crawled between the bars and wriggled on to the bed to get warmth. It curled upon the prisoner's chest, and he was just about to turn over when, feeling the unusual weight, he saw the snake's glittering eyes staring into his face. He dared not move, so he had to lie in that position for four hours.

At 8 o'clock, when the sergeant went his rounds, he saw the position the prisoner was in and went for a long stick. With another soldier he entered the cell, and they drove the snake into a corner, where they killed it. The colonel released the prisoner, as he thought he had suffered enough punishment in the terrible experience he had gone through. The man's hair had turned white with the mental strain which he had endured.—London Standard.

Undetermined Joke.

"There's a crook gone to the island for ten days that I'll be looking for when he comes out," remarked a policeman on an east side post.

"Why?"

"Well, listen. I caught him trying a door on my beat the other night and took him in. He started to be nasty about it, and I swung my stick at him. Before I could land him one on the head he shouts out to me:

"'Don't hit me! Look out! There's a dynamite stick in me pocket!'

"I stopped quick enough, all right, for, you see, I get all the blowing up I need at the station now and again. But listen. When that chap was searched at the station there wasn't a sign of dynamite on him.

"Who was the joke on? Never mind that. The question is, who will the joke be on? Just wait."—New York Globe.

How He Would Stop Dueling.

Dueling survived in England until about the middle of the forties, "when," says Lady Dorothy Nevill, "an encounter between Lieutenant Colonel Fawcett and Lieutenant Monro, in which the former was shot dead, led to a debate in the house of commons owing to the wife of the former being refused a pension. On this occasion Sir Charles Napier declared that but one way existed of effectually putting an end to dueling. No duel should be allowed which was not fought across a table. Of the two pistols used only one should be loaded with ball, lots being drawn to see who should have the loaded one. If this produced no result then both pistols should be loaded with ball and the survivor, should there be one, hanged."

Advice From Her Lawyer.

Timothy Coffin, who was prominent at the Bristol county bar in the last century, once secured the acquittal of an old woman accused of stealing a piece of pork. As she was leaving the courtroom she put her hand to her mouth and in audible whisper said:

"Mr. Carfin, what'll I do with the por-ruk?"

Quickly came the retort: "Eat it, you fool! The judge says you didn't steal it."—Boston Herald.

Sure of His Umbrella.

Departing Guest—Dear me, what a wet night! I wonder if you could give me the loan of an umbrella? Host—Certainly; but—well, the fact is, I think I would be the better for a walk. I'll just take a turn home with you and shelter you by the way.

A Sad Feature.

Jack—Engagement is off, eh? Has she sent him back the ring? Tom—No; that's what's bothering him. He owes money on that ring.—New York Press.

To smile at the jest which plants a thorn in another's breast is to become a principal in the mischief.—Sheridan.

DOOMED HIMSELF.

Chief Shavehead Boasted Once Too Often of His Deeds of Blood.

J. Seymour Currey in "The Story of Old Fort Dearborn" describes the massacre of the garrison of the old fort and tells of one instance of poetic justice for the Indians' butchery.

"Bloody retribution," says Mr. Currey, "overtook one of the savages, who on the day of the massacre showed no mercy to his victims. This was a chief known as a deadly enemy of the whites and who bore the expressive name of Shavehead because of his peculiar manner of tying up his scanty hair.

"Years afterward Chief Shavehead was in company with a band of hunters in the Michigan woods. In the party was a white man who had formerly been a soldier at Fort Dearborn and was one of the survivors of the battle on the lake shore. At one of the campfires the chief, being of a boastful disposition, related while under the influence of liquor to those sitting about the campfire the frightful tale concerning the events of that day, dwelling upon its horrors and boasting of his own deeds.

"He was not aware that one of the whites whom he had so fiercely assailed was at that moment listening to his braggart utterances. The old soldier as he heard the tale was maddened by the recall of the well remembered scene.

"Toward nightfall the old savage departed alone in the direction of the forest. Silently the soldier with loaded rifle followed upon his steps. Others observed them as they passed out of sight into the shades of the forest. The soldier returned after a time to his companions, but Shavehead was never seen again."

PROPOSALS IN JAPAN.

Quaint Custom of Placing a Plant In an Empty Flowerpot.

In some of the Japanese islands, in houses wherein reside one or more daughters of a marriageable age, an empty flowerpot of an ornamental character is encircled by a ring and suspended from the window or veranda by three light chains.

The Juliets of Japan are, of course, as attractive to the Romeos as those of other lands. But instead of serenades by moonlight and other delicate ways of making an impression it is etiquette for the Japanese lover to approach the dwelling of his lady bearing some choice plant in his hand, which he boldly proceeds to plant in the empty vase.

This takes place at a time when he is fully assured that both mother and daughter are at home, neither of whom, of course, is at all conscious that the young man is taking such a liberty with the flowerpot outside their window. This act of placing a pretty plant in the empty flowerpot is equivalent to a formal proposal to the young lady who dwells within.

The youthful gardener, having settled his plant to his mind, retires, and the lady is free to act as she pleases. If he is the right man she takes every care of the gift, waters it and tends it carefully with her own hands, that all the world may see the donor is accepted as a suitor. But if he is not a favorite or if stern parents object the poor plant is torn from the vase and the next morning lies limp and withered on the veranda or on the path below.

The Oil In Cloves.

Cloves are simply the dried flower buds of a beautiful evergreen tree growing naturally on the Spice islands. These flower buds are gathered when they have become of a bright red and are just on the point of opening. The name comes from the resemblance of the prepared spice to small nails, from the French word clou, for nail. Cloves are very heavily charged with a pungent, acrid, volatile oil, as much as 20 per cent sometimes being extracted. This oil is valuable for flavoring and scenting purposes and has a limited field in medicine, but the habit of "eating cloves," in which young folks and too often old ones indulge, is very reprehensible, as the oil is a powerful drug, becoming in many cases an insidious poison.

Mitigating Circumstance.

A Scotch bailiie recently advanced to the bench had a criminal placed before him accused of some very modest violation of the law. Of course the bailiie knew the prisoner well. He heard the charge stated.

"John, man, I'm sorry to see you here. We'll just fine you half a crown."

The clerk here intervened.

"But the charge is not yet proved. We have not heard the evidence."

Then the benignant bailiie:

"Ah, well, John, my man, as the charge is not proved we'll just fine you an eighteenpence."—London Telegraph.

Facial Horticulture.

"A new milkman left our milk today," announced Dorothy.

"Did he have whiskers?" asked her mother, thinking perhaps it was the proprietor.

"No," said the four-year-old; "he didn't have whiskers, but he had the roots."—Harper's Weekly.

Animal Food.

Innocent Young Wife—The doctor said you were to have a little animal food today, John, so I've chopped you up a bit of nice clover hay and scalded it to make it go down softer!—London Telegraph.

It is more heroic to live on one's grief than to die on it.

ORIGIN OF THE PEARL.

The Prized Gem Only the Brilliant Sarcophagus of a Worm.

Science has discovered the real origin of the pearl to be a worm. Dr. Hugh M. Smith gives some interesting information on this subject in the National Geographic Magazine.

We know that almost any foreign body—a grain of sand, a bit of mud or shell, a piece of seaweed or a small animal—may by its irritation cause the mollusk to cover it with nacre and make it the nucleus of a pearl, but the largest part of the annual pearl crop of the world is due to parasites that normally pass a part of their life cycle within the shell of the pearl oyster.

Minute spherical larvae of marine worms known as cestodes become imbedded in the soft tissues, as many as forty having been found in one Ceylon oyster. As the result of irritation the oyster forms a protecting sac about the intruder, and then, if the larva dies, its body is gradually converted into carbonate of lime, and the pearly mass proceeds to grow with the shell.

If the larva lives it may pass into the body of the strong jawed trigger fishes which prey on the pearl oysters, there undergoing further development. Ultimately it reaches the body of the great rays, which in turn eat the trigger fishes. In the rays the worms attain full development and produce larvae that are cast into the sea and find lodgment in pearl oysters. Thus the cycle is begun once more.

We may literally accept the saying of a celebrated French investigator that "the most beautiful pearl is in reality only the brilliant sarcophagus of a worm."

FAITH OF THE FOREST.

Curious Traits of One of the Savage Tribes of Siberia.

Concerning one of the obscure races of northwestern Siberia a traveler writes: "A few of the traits of these curious people may prove of interest, as they show that environment is the strongest factor in determining character. Their intense superstition is accounted for by innate fear of all things they cannot understand. Their shyness, dislike of strangers and dread of their lamas and chiefs are again the result of superstition and seclusion. Sadness and melancholia are stamped on their faces, as is natural to a people who are in constant fear of the genii of the mountains, rivers and forests, whose whole time is taken up with propitiating the gods lest evil befall them.

"The Uriankhai is a product of the forest as the Arab is of the desert. The one is the antithesis of the other. Environment has molded the character of each to his surroundings. The fearless believer in one God, the nomad of the sunlit desert, compares strikingly with the superstitious inhabitants of dark, damp forests, fearsome of evil spirits and cringing under their witch doctors.

"All through life the forest dweller is in fear of offending the deities, and at death his corpse is carried out and placed on some lone hilltop, where the wild beasts are expected to devour it if the man has led a good life, but bad Uriankhai have not that doubtful honor bestowed upon them."—Chicago News.

Ventilation.

Have we ever stopped to think how our ancestors two or three generations back lived and flourished with little or no ventilation in their sleeping apartments? The night air used to be considered a very dreadful menace to health and a sure inducer of colds. Bedrooms were kept closely shut, and yet our ancestors, many of them, were hardier than we and lived to good old ages. Animals burrow in their holes at night, breathing the same air over and over again, while birds and fowls tuck their heads under their wings. Of course ventilation is absolutely necessary for proper comfort, cleanliness and health, but people have lived on little or none of it for hundreds and thousands of years.—Exchange.

A Giant Pepys Saw.

King James I. had a gigantic porter eight feet six inches in height, but he was not perfect, being round shouldered, knockkneed and lame in one foot. Of a similar height was Charles Munster, a yeoman of the Hanoverian guard who died in 1676, and seven years before there was being exhibited in London a Dutchman eight feet nine inches high anent whom in Pepys' diary we find the following entry on Aug. 15, 1669: "Went to Charing Cross to see the great Dutchman. I did walk under his arm with my hat on and could not reach his chin with the tips of my fingers."

Happiness.

If you cannot be happy in one way, be in another, and this facility of disposition wants but little aid from philosophy, for health and good humor are almost the whole affair. Many run about after felicity, like an absent-minded man hunting for his hat while it is in his hand or on his head.

A Safe Wager.

Townley—Some one has said that he is a benefactor of his race who makes two blades of grass grow where only one grew before. Subbubs—I'll bet anything that fellow never had to run a lawn mower.—Boston Transcript.

Two Puns.

Miss Young—After all, what is marriage but a mister-y?

Miss Older—Yes, and what is spinsterhood but perpetual missery?—London Tit-Bits.

LOCALS

The Democrats in the western part of Centre county will hold a Wilson ratification meeting this (Thursday) evening, in Philipsburg.

William Lingle, of Sunbury, was at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Solomon Lingle, east of Centre Hall. Mr. Lingle has been at Sunbury for some years, and is steadily employed there.

D. A. Getter, a representative of the Pittsburg Plate Glass Company, was in Centre Hall last week and secured an order for glass for the large windows in the Reporter building now under construction.

Agent D. F. Luse adjusted a slight fire loss at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Sylvis, above Stormstown. The fire broke out at night, and had almost reached a stage where control would have been impossible before it was discovered. The loss was but $168. A peculiar incident was that the exploding of shells laid out for hunting early in the morning, was the alarm that awakened the sleeping occupants of the house.

Tuesday evening of last week Miss Ruth Lambert planned a birthday surprise party for her mother, Mrs. H. J. Lambert, in Centre Hall. With a view of keeping the undertaking from the mother's knowledge, all preparations for the affair were made by Miss Ruth and a few companions at the home of a neighbor. A large number of invited guests participated in the affair, and greatly enjoyed the occasion.

Repo ter Register

Florence Mitchell, Penns Grove, N. J.
Marion Shivers, Haddonfield, N. J.
Mary M. Brown, Braddock
S. M. Campbell, Millheim
John R. Eckley, Centre Hall
George Michael, Centre Hall
Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Reesman, Thorofare, N. J.
W. J. Kjelgoord, Gaines

The boy's appetite is often the source of amazement. If you would have such an appetite take Chamberlain's Tablets. They not only create a healthy appetite, but strengthen the stomach and enable it to do its work naturally. For sale by all dealers. adv.

COURT PROCLAMATION.

Whereas the Honorable Ellis L. Orvis, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the Forty-ninth Judicial District, consisting of the county of Centre, having issued his precept bearing date the 12th day of August, 1912, to me directed for holding a Court of Common Pleas, Orphans Court, Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, in Bellefonte, for the county of Centre, and to commence on the

FIRST MONDAY OF DECEMBER

being the second day of December, 1912, and to continue two weeks.

Notice is hereby given to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace, Aldermen, and Constables of said county of Centre, that they be then and there in their proper persons at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of the 2nd, with their records, inquisitions, examinations, and their own remembrances, to do those things which to their office appertains to be done and those who are bound in recognizances, to prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in jail of Centre county, be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

Given under my hand at Bellefonte, the 18th day of October in the year of our Lord, 1912, and the one hundred and thirty-sixth year of the In dependence of the United States of America.

ARTHUR B. LEE,
Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office,
Bellefonte, Oct. 18, 1912.

Sale Register.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 16, one o'clock, at Bartholomew's stable, in Centre Hall, by C. D Bartholomew and George E. Breon: Harness, vehicles, implements, 150 head hens and pullets, and other articles.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 6, 12:30 p. m, two and one half miles north of Spring Mills, by Solomon Lingle: Two work horses, two suckling colts, 4 cows, 3 Holstein bulls, 3 heifers, 3 young steers, 3 heifers old from spring, 2 brood sows, 9 pigs.

"WANETD" AND "FOR SALE" ADVS.

COLT FOR SALE—Seven months old horse colt is offered for sale by the undersigned. Call Bell 'phone 7—23, Spring Mills. WITMER E. LEE, Potters Mills, Pa.

FOR SALE—Space for advertising in the Centre Reporter. If you want to advertise do so in a newspaper, not on fences. The Reporter reaches many homes in Penns and Brush Valleys and all other sections of Centre county. Be wise—advertise. THE CENTRE REPORTER, Centre Hall.

SHERIFF'S SALE—

By virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Centre County, Pennsylvania, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, in the Borough of Bellefonte, Pa., on Monday, December 2nd, 1912, at 1.30 p. m., the following described real estate viz:

DESCRIPTION.

All those three certain messuages, tenements and tracts of land situate in the township of Howard, County of Centre, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit:

No. 1. Bounded by public road leading from Howard Borough to Marsh Creek, which said road makes a curve and bounds the land on three sides, namely, on the South, East and North, and on the West by land of Jacob Boon, containing one-half acre, more or less.

No. 2. Beginning at a stone, corner at a public road; thence by said road North sixty-one degrees East ten and forty-two one-hundredth perches to a post; thence by land of James Gardner, Sr., South thirty-six degrees East twenty-five and one-half perches to a stone; thence by land of Nelson Askey's heirs South seventy-three deg. West thirteen and seven-tenth perches to a stone; thence by lands of Emma Casselberry, North thirty degrees West twenty-two and three tenths perches to a stone corner, the place of beginning, containing one acre and twenty and two-thirds perches, neat measure, thereon erected a two-story frame dwelling house and stable, and other out-buildings.

No. 3. Beginning at a stone by public road leading from Howard to Marsh Creek; thence by same South seventy-two degrees West fifty-one and two-tenths perches, to stone; thence by land of James Haines South thirty-three degrees East thirty and one-half perches, to stones; thence by land of Sarah E. Leitch and S. D. Leitch North seventy-two degrees East forty and one-fourth perches, to stone at aforesaid public road; thence by same and land of party of the second part to the place of beginning, containing nine acres, neat measure.

Seized, levied upon, taken into execution and to be sold as the property of S. D. Leitch.

TERMS OF SALE: No deed will be acknowledged until purchase money is paid in full.

ARTHUR B. LEE,
Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office,
Bellefonte Pa.
November 12, 1912.

SHERIFF'S SALE—

By virtue of a writ of Levari Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Centre County, Pennsylvania, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, in the Borough of Bellefonte, Pa., on Monday, December 23, 1912, at 1.30 P. M., the following described real estate, viz:

All that certain messuage, tenement and tract of land or lot of ground situate in the township of Marion, County of Centre, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, viz: On the North by Main Street of the Village of Jacksonville, on the East by Andrew Martin, on the South by land of Adam Yearick, and on the West by lot of Mrs. Catharine Beck, containing one-half (1-2) acre, more or less. Thereon erected a dwelling house and outbuildings.

Seized, levied upon, taken into execution and to be sold as the property of W. Harrison Walker, administrator of etc. of Enos Ertley, late of Marion township, deceased; Amelia Ertley, widow of Enos Ertley, deceased; George Ertley and Annie Ertley, his wife; William Ertley and Mollie, his wife; Enos Tate and Herbert Tate, her husband; Annie Strunk and Harry Strunk, her husband; heirs and legal representatives of Enos Ertley, late of Marion township, deceased.

TERMS OF SALE.—No deed will be acknowledged until purchase money is paid in full.

ARTHUR B. LEE,
Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Bellefonte, Pa.,
November 12, 1912.

How, Indeed?

Small Boy—Sister said to ask if you had any invisible ink. New Drug Clerk (after looking among some bottles)—I guess we haven't, at least I don't see any. Small Boy (contemptuously)—Huh! How do you expect to see it if it's invisible?—Chicago News.

Tart Retort.

Restaurant patron (caustically)—I am glad to see your baby has shut up, madam. Mother—Yes, sir. You are the only thing that's pleased him since he saw the animals eat at the zoo.—Puck.

Is your husband cross? An irritable, fault finding disposition is often due to a disordered stomach. A man with good digestion is nearly always good natured. A great many have been permanently cured of stomach trouble by taking Chamberlains tablets. For sale by all dealers. adv.

Wall Plaster

A limited quantity of wall plaster, first quality in every respect, and admitting of the addition of two parts sand, is offered for sale by

C. D. BARTHOLOMEW
and S. W. SMITH,
Centre Hall

Cool October Nights

Are made pleasant by Warm Bed Blankets

Just recently we laid in a supply of excellent blankets—some are cotton and others all wool. Come in and inspect the quality of these and be convinced of their "comfortableness" and wearing qualities. Moderately priced, too.

Many New Dress Goods

All shades of Poplin, pretty patterns in Percales and Ginghams, and other dress goods. Outing Flannel in large variety.

KREAMER & SON
Centre Hall, Pa.

The DAIRY

BARN CLEANING MADE EASY

Litter Carrier Is One of Greatest Labor Saving Devices That Can Be Installed on Farm.

The illustration represents the greatest labor saving device on this farm. The "dump" is 90 feet from the barn. At the dump we took a scoop scraper and scraped a pit 2½ by 3 feet deep in the center, rising to nothing at the edges, writes W. I. Raymond of St. Charles, Ia., in the Missouri Valley Farmer. This is as large as the manure pile is expected to be. This pit is in clay soil and was smoothed and puddled until it is water tight, thus preventing any leakage of the liquid manure. There is 200 feet of track going along all gutters and into all the box stalls through gates which open for that purpose and the litter carrier goes around

Litter Carrier.

corners on switches which work perfectly. We have cleaned the entire barn, which shelters 32 head of dairy cattle, in 39 minutes, doing a good clean job and not hurrying, and the manure is carried where it is not rotting your barn, fouling the air or making your yard muddy or filthy. Small boys enjoy cleaning the barn with this device. The loaded car is pushed to the door and given a vigorous shove. This sends it to the dump, where it trips automatically, dumps, and returns again. The cost is not prohibitive, and there should be more of them in use.

FEED QUESTION IS BIG ONE

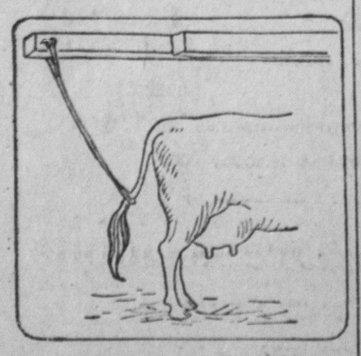
Possible for Dairy Farmer to Grow Balanced Rations—His Salvation Depends on Point.

Molasses is used in many instances to disguise very low-grade materials, including weed seeds. Farmers should buy the molasses and make their own mixtures. The feed question is a big one with dairy farmers, but it is not a serious problem to those who have their barns filled with good alfalfa hay, which can be grown successfully in every county in New Jersey, and which, on the average, would not cost $10 a ton. I am strongly opposed to the purchase of low-grade feeds, unless the price is in proportion, which, unfortunately, is not now the case, as on the average feeds carrying from 5 to 12 per cent protein, and a high percentage of crude fiber, cost per ton practically the same as feeds which carry from 15 to 40 per cent protein, with a correspondingly high rate of digestibility and low percentage of crude fiber. You could do no better than to make a strong drive for high-grade protein feeds, more especially for use in the dairy, and also for the larger growth and use of legumes by dairy farmers. It is possible for the dairy farmer to grow balanced rations, or at least to get along with a very small purchase of feeds, says a writer in an exchange. The salvation of the dairy farmer depends largely upon this point.

SECURE COMFORT IN MILKING

To Prevent Cow From Switching Dirty, Wet Tail in One's Face Simple Device Is Arranged.

In order to avoid the discomfort that comes from having a cow switch her dirty, wet tail in one's face when milking, a simple device like the one shown may be put in use, says the Iowa Homestead. Take a piece of heavy cord and after making a loop in each end attach one to the joist



Cow's Tail Securely Held.

at A and loop the other around the tail. When milking one end can be hooked over a nail or hook at B which will pull the tail above harm's way. When hooked on nail or hook at A the cord should be just long enough to hold the cow's tail out of the filth of the gutter.

Give Hens Freedom.

The hens should have freedom, if possible.

TO PROPERLY PACK BUTTER

Farmer's Wife or Daughter Should Study Wants of Customers and Give What Is Desired.

(By W. H. UNDERWOOD.)

When a farmer's wife or daughter has a sufficient quantity of milk to be able to sell some butter, she ought by all means to find out just what sort of butter people will pay the highest price for and how the same is packed for sale, and comply with these conditions. If they do so they will get all it is worth.

On a Saturday not long since while I was waiting in the store several persons brought in butter, and with the exception of that from two customers (myself and one other), it was all made in large rolls, small rolls packed in jars, crocks and pans. Some was made in round prints and wrapped in oil paper, and some of the large rolls were also wrapped in oil paper.

The clerk weighed a basket of eight-pound prints, and they tipped the scales at six and one-half pounds only. I asked him what he paid and he said 18 cents.

I tasted the butter. It was good and the merchant would have been glad to pay 25 cents, the same as I got, but he said he could not sell it for more than 18 cents because it had a mussy-looking appearance.

If each one of those people would pay $1.25 for a brick-shaped mold that will make an extra pound; 50 cents for a roll of parchment paper seven and one-half inches wide, tear the paper with the aid of a ruler into sheets ten and one-half inches long, dip these into cold water and wrap each pound neatly, pack them neatly in a clean box lined with white paper, I assure you that they can then get 25 cents per pound for their butter and the gain in price will give them a good many dollars to put into their pockets.

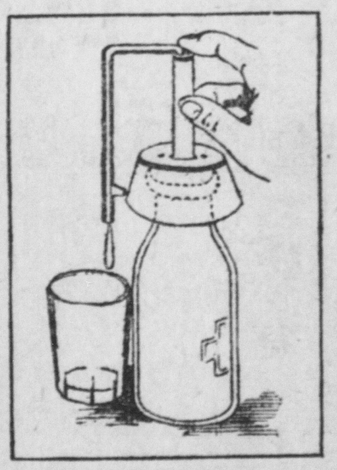
It will not take ten minutes longer on churning day to do this, and the knowledge of putting a first-class article on the market in first-class condition will repay in itself.

It is not best to use the oiled paper. It is impossible to handle the butter without tearing it and it makes the butter look any way but well.

BOTTLE SIPHON FOR LIQUIDS

Handy for Use When Desirable to Remove Milk From Bottom Without Disturbing the Cream.

For the separating of liquids of different gravities, a Connecticut man has designed the apparatus shown herewith. For the purpose of explanation it might be called a bottle siphon, though its use, of course, is not restricted to milk and cream. But supposing it was desirable to remove milk from the bottom of a bottle without disturbing the cream at the top. A cap fits over the mouth of the bot-



Milk Bottle Siphon.

tle and a tube runs through the cap. In this tube are the long end of the siphon and a plunger for creating a pressure in the bottle to start the flow through the siphon. The long arm of the siphon can be thrust down to the bottom of the bottle and the liquid at the bottom can be drained off without disturbing that at the top.

DAIRY NOTES

Good pasture lands are the basis of successful dairy farming.

To make dairying a success we must make it of interest to the boys.

Get your cows started right for the coming cold weather and they will do well in winter.

Summer or winter, a good dairy thermometer pays its way wherever dairy cows are kept.

Give the cows a chance to get under the shed every night now. If too cold keep them in the stable.

Keeping the cows comfortable is a neglected point in the management of the herd during the fall months.

The best cows are never cheap, and are seldom for sale; so it pays to give the heifer calves the best of care.

The milk pail should be the main consideration, but not the sole one in judging the value of the dairy cow.

Green fodder at the tail end of the summer is relished by the cow as ice cream is relished by the school children.

The price of dairy animals is steadily rising, and the demand for good, young dairy cows is greater than the supply.

The strong cow can eat and digest large quantities of food, and this is essential for the production of big milk yields.

COACH STAGG OF MAROONS IS RESOURCEFUL

Alonzo A. Stagg, Coach of Chicago University Football Team.

It would take a brainier man than any critic present at the recent Maroon-Purdue game to tell whether Chicago had a good team or a poor one, for Chicago played marbles rather than football. Only one thing was shown, that Chicago must better its tackling. Aside from that there was not a strong or weak point brought out.

Chicago showed herself the most contradictory team in the country in this game. At times the Maroons did some brilliant work in particular lines, but on the next occasion they were given came through with about as gross an attempt as possible. More than one critic was of the firm conviction the Maroons were playing possum for some of their "bonehead" work was so coarse that it is difficult to see how men who ever had seen a football could have been guilty unless it were intentional.

Coach Stagg was said to have given the Maroons at least a half dozen intricate forward pass formations for the Purdue contest, but if he did that, the weakness of the Lafayette eleven enabled Paine to treasure these plays and have them fresh to use in future contests. However, the resourcefulness of Coach Stagg must not be underestimated.

WRESTLING IS ROUGH SPORT

Inhabitants of Iceland Fond of All Sorts of Outdoor Games—Horse Racing Is Popular.

E. M. Newman, the traveler and lecturer, tells an interesting story about a wrestling bout that he witnessed in Iceland last summer.

"The inhabitants, or rather the sporting fraternity in Iceland, are very much interested in all sorts of outdoor sports," said Mr. Newman.

"They have developed a sort of catch-as-catch-can style of wrestling that is as unique as it is rough and is entirely different from the game as it is known in this country.

"Each contestant has a strap firmly fixed about his loins. The wrestlers get their grips on this strap. Tripping and body holds are absolutely barred, the object being to raise the opposing contestant into the air by means of the strap and then to drop him on his back. It is a very rough sport, broken bones being the rule rather than the exception. Wrestling bouts are very popular in Iceland.

"Horse racing is also a popular sport with this northern people. In Rekjavik, the capital of Iceland, there is a splendid race course where meets are held at regular intervals. The Iceland ponies are very similar in appearance to Shetland ponies but they are sturdier and fleeter of foot. Great excitement prevails in the city while the races are on, the people coming from all parts of the island.

"Betting is wide open, fast and furious. It is no unusual thing for a man, who has spent months on a whaling expedition, to wager his entire earnings and all his possessions on his favorite pony."

Football Shakespearians.

"Down! Down!"—Henry V.

"Well placed."—Henry V.

"An excellent pass."—The Tempest.

"A touch, a touch, I do confess."—Hamlet.

"I do command you to their backs."—Macbeth.

"More rushes! More rushes."—Henry IV.

"Pell mell, down with them!"—Love's Labor's Lost.

"This shouldering of each other."—Henry VI.

"Being down I have the placing."—Cymbeline.

"Let him not pass but kill him rather."—Othello.

"'Tis sport to maul a runner."—Antony and Cleopatra.

"I'll catch it ere it come to ground."—Macbeth.

"We must have bloody noses and cracked crowns."—Henry IV.

"Worthy sir, thou bleedest; thy exercise hath been too violent."—Coriolanus.

"It's the first time that ever I heard breaking of ribs was sport."—As You Like It.—Boston Transcript.

How Boston Landed Bedient.

Jack Dunn, manager of the Baltimore Orioles, is the man who caused Bedient to get his job with the Red Sox last spring. He offered $5,000 for him to come to the Orioles last December, but John I. Taylor thought if he was worth that for the Orioles he was certainly worth that to the Red Sox.

Job for Kitty Bransfield.

Kitty Bransfield, who took the management of the Montreal team with the understanding that he should not be held to the job more than the one season, is now said to be willing to continue as team leader for the Royals and Montreal wants him back, for the team made a great showing in the final month of the season.

WOMEN IN TENNIS CONTESTS

California Players Make Overtures to Secure Leading English Experts for Winter Games.

California lawn tennis players are making overtures to the English association with a view to bringing over to this country a team of the leading

May Sutton.

women players to compete along the Pacific coast during the coming winter season. Ever since the successful campaign which May Sutton made of the English courts a few years ago, finally winning the all-English championship, there has been an effort to establish an international series for women of the United States and Great Britain.

NOTES of SPORTDOM

Tyrus Cobb declares he will bat over .400 next year.

George Simmons has been turned over by the Highlanders to Rochester.

Manager Frank Farrell of the New York Yankees has reserved 34 players for next season.

Hugh Bedient, star twirler of the world series, has decided to spend the winter on a farm.

Cy Young has received an offer to manage the Portland team next year, and may accept it.

A New York paper says Frank Chance is now mentioned as the next manager of the Brooklyn team.

The directors of the Three-I league have boosted the salary limit to $2,500, a $600 increase over last season.

They have started playing polo on bicycles at St. Louis. Next they'll be playing shuttlecok in aeroplanes.

Stagg doesn't believe in building air castles until he constructs something tangible in the way of a football team.

Manager Jake Stahl of the Red Sox, who has about five per cent of the stock, cleared up about $35,000 this year.

Speaker's earnings for the year amounted to something near the tune of $14,000. Joe Wood gathered something like $13,500.

The Gophers are scouring the woods hunting for spies. Every particular knot hole is being examined with a field glass of high power.

Bobby Veach, the Indianapolis player, played sensational ball after joining the Detroit Tigers, and will, no doubt, be on the job in Tigerville next season.

SAILS.

Harold—Whenever I go skating, I always wear a cap that pulls down well over my ears.

Ellyn—Yes; I should think that would be absolutely necessary when you're skating against the wind.

SKIN DISEASE ON FACE

Barthell, Ky.—"I had a skin disease on my face, neck and hands that tormented me all the time and when I would get hot the places would burn so that I had to keep my face wet in cold water. It began as pimples and indeed it was disfiguring, for it would get in spots on my face and hands as large as a quarter of a dollar. It would get into blisters sometimes and I sure did suffer. My face burned all the time. It was this way so bad for about six years and I tried everything that I could hear of, but nothing did any good.

"One day I found the Cuticura Soap and Ointment advertised and ordered some at once. I would wash my face good with the Cuticura Soap and then apply the Cuticura Ointment and they have cured me. It would take half a tablet to tell all I suffered in those six years." (Signed) Mrs. Della Hill, Jan. 3, 1912.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston." Adv.

Paid Minister in Tinfoil.

The meanest man in the world has been found. He is the man who gave the Rev. Thilo Gore, pastor of the German Lutheran church, an envelope filled with tinfoil for marrying him.

The bride and groom rang Dr. Gore's doorbell late one night and asked him to marry them. As they had a license, he did so. After the ceremony was performed the man handed the minister an envelope which was supposed to contain the fee. He found it contained nothing but several pieces of tinfoil.—Chicago Tribune.

The Crooked Way.

District Attorney Whitman of New York, according to the Washington Star, was talking about the sad case of a western banker who had stolen a great sum from the depositors.

"The man," said Mr. Whitman, "lived beyond his means—motor cars, a house with eleven baths, son at college, daughter coming out, wife hungry for diamonds. The inevitable result followed."

Mr. Whitman smiled and ended:

"The unfortunate fellow got straitened, so he became crooked."

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*
In Use For Over 30 Years.
Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Summer Styles.

Patience—I see the suffragettes have come out against the secret ballot.

Patrice—Yes, women, as a rule, prefer open-work.

DOES YOUR HEAD ACHE?
Try Hicks' CAPUDINE. It's liquid—pleasant to take—effects immediate—good to prevent Sick Headaches and Nervous Headaches also. Your money back if not satisfied. 10c., 25c. and 50c. at medicine stores. Adv.

The Kind.

"How did they succeed in catching that defaulting aviator?"

"With a fly detective."

TO DRIVE OUT MALARIA AND BUILD UP THE SYSTEM
Take the Old Standard GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. You know what you are taking. The formula is plainly printed on every bottle, showing it is simply Quinine and Iron in a tasteless form, and the most effectual form. For grown people and children, 50 cents. Adv.

If a newly wedded man has no secrets from his wife it is rather hard on the other women he might have married, but didn't.

Most of our so-called good intentions are base imitations.

Quite the Thing.

"I told you that if you came tomorrow morning I would give you the money for my wash. Why did you come tonight?" said Miss Philis to the daughter of her laundress.

"I know you said tomorrow mornin'," responded the girl, "but me mother she told me to come tonight, 'cause she was afraid you might be gone away by tomorrow mornin.'

"I certainly should not go without paying my laundry bill," said Miss Philis sharply. "No respectable woman would do such a thing."

"Oh, yes, ma'am, they would," replied the child knowingly. "There's lots of respectable ladies does."

Hard to See Under Water.

There is no scientific instrument of the "scope" character which enables one to see down to 50 or 60 feet under water. When the sun shines vertically over water, a box or bucket with a glass bottom is often used to look into the water. A cloth covering to exclude light from the box or bucket is sometimes employed. But without electric or some other light in the water these devices are not very satisfactory.

Many Children Are Sickly.
Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children Break up Colds in 24 hours, relieve Feverishness, Headache, Stomach Troubles, Teething Disorders, move and regulate the bowels, and Destroy Worms. They are so pleasant to take children like them. Used by mothers for 22 years. At all druggists, 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address, A. S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y. Adv.

Really a Small Matter.

"Have you anything against Timpers?"

"Nothing more than the fact that he makes 'film' a word of two syllables.

Paradoxical Misfortune.
"There is nothing in this place but soft drinks."

"Just my hard luck."

Dropsy cured. Swelling quickly reduced. Shortness of Breath relieved in a few hours. Sample treatment free. COLLIER DROPSY REMEDY CO., ATLANTA, GA. Adv.

It's easy to feel optimistic as long as things are coming your way.

Lameness

Sloan's Liniment is a quick and reliable remedy for lameness in horses and other farm animals.

"Sloan's Liniment surpasses anything on earth for lameness in horses and other horse ailments. I would not sleep without it in my stable."—
MARTIN DOYLE,
432 West 19th St., New York City.

Good for Swelling and Abscess.
MR. H. M. GIBBS, of Lawrence, Kan., R. F. D., No. 3, writes:—"I had a mare with an abscess on her neck and one 50c. bottle of Sloan's Liniment entirely cured her. I keep it all the time for galls and small swellings and for everything about the stock."

SLOAN'S LINIMENT

is a quick and safe remedy for hog cholera.

Governor of Georgia uses Sloan's Liniment for Hog Cholera.

"I heard Gov. Brown (who is quite a farmer) say that he had never lost a hog from cholera and that his remedy always was a tablespoonful of Sloan's Liniment in a gallon of slops, decreasing the dose as the animal improved. Last month Gov. Brown and myself were at the Agricultural College building and in the discussion of the ravages of the disease, Gov. Brown gave the remedy named as unfailing."
"OBSERVER."
SAVANNAH DAILY NEWS.

At All Dealers. 25c., 50c. & $1.00.
Sloan's Book on Horses, Cattle, Hogs and Poultry sent free.
Address Dr. Earl S. Sloan, Boston.

PREVENTION
better than cure. Tutt's Pills if taken in time are not only a remedy for, but will prevent
SICK HEADACHE,
biliousness, constipation and kindred diseases.
Tutt's Pills

STUDENTS, TEACHERS. Something especially for you. Spare time. No canvassing. Write for inf. and convert time into dollars. Ray F. Kuns, 773 Summit Av., Cincinnati, O.

FOR SALE—28 A., NEAR PETERSBURG, Va., 18 a. cult. House, barn, outbldgs., sheds, fruit, etc. F. C. Schnurle, Ettricks, Va.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

The Stomach Is the Target

Aim to make that strong—and digestion good—and you will keep well! No chain is stronger than its weakest link. No man is stronger than his stomach. With stomach disordered a train of diseases follow.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery

makes the stomach healthy, the liver active and the blood pure. Made from forest roots, and extracted without the use of alcohol. Sold by druggists, in liquid form at $1.00 per bottle for over 40 years, giving general satisfaction.

If you prefer tablets as modified by R. V. Pierce, M. D., these can be had of medicine dealers or trial box by mail on receipt of 50c in stamps.

BACKACHE AND ACHING JOINTS

Together Tell of Bad Kidneys

Much pain that masks as rheumatism is due to weak kidneys—to their failure to drive off uric acid thoroughly.

When you suffer achy, bad joints, backache, too; with some kidney disorders, get Doan's Kidney Pills, which have cured thousands.

A MAINE CASE.

S. C. Verrill, Old Town, Me., says: "I was confined to bed two years, and the doctors did not know what ailed me. My back pained intensely and the kidney secretions were very irregular. The doctor said I would never walk again. After taking Doan's Kidney Pills I rapidly improved until once more in good health. I cannot express my gratitude."

Get Doan's at any Drug Store, 50c. a Box

Doan's Kidney Pills

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., Buffalo, N. Y.

Coughs, Colds

and Sore Throats Relieved and Cured by

Hale's Honey

Of Horehound and Tar

It Soothes and Heals

Contains no opium nor anything injurious. All druggists.

Pike's Toothache Drops Stop Pain

Pettit's Eye Salve FOR EYE ACHES

POOR JOHN NEATLY CAUGHT

Cleverly Contrived Trap That Led to the Downfall of One Forgetful Husband.

He had returned home in the evening tired and ready for a restful hour or two.

"John, my love," said his little wife sweetly, "did you post that letter I gave you this morning?"

"Yes, my pet," said John, hiding his conscience-stricken face behind the newspaper.

"Well, what is your answer?" still more sweetly.

"Wh-what is what?" gasped John.

"What is your answer, dear?" said his little wife, clearly. "That letter was addressed to you."

"Addressed to me?" exclaimed John. "I didn't notice it."

And then, like a foolish man, he fell into the trap and produced the letter from his pocket to see. The envelope was not addressed to him; but a long and severe lecture was shortly after.

Scotch Query.

A bluff, consequential gentleman from the south, with more beef on his bones than brain in his head, riding along the Hamilton road, near to Blantyre, asked a herdboy on the roadside, in a tone and manner evidently meant to quiz, if he were "halfway to Hamilton?" "Man," replied the boy, "I wad need to ken whar ye hae come frae, afore I could answer your question."—Exchange.

House Plans Important.

The care in the home and all other forms of household work are greatly facilitated by right planning and the use of suitable materials for the construction and furnishing of the home. An adequate and convenient water supply and other conveniences are essential, not only for comfort and for saving labor, but also from the standpoint of home hygiene.

Does a woman feel glad or sorry when she cries at a wedding?

Thin Bits of Corn Toasted to A delicate Light Brown—

Post Toasties

To be eaten with cream and sugar, or served with canned fruit poured over—either way insures a most delicious dish.

"The Memory Lingers"

Postum Cereal Co., Ltd.
Battle Creek, Mich.

FINAL TABULATION OF VOTES THAT ELECTED WILSON

Analysis of the Returns by Political Experts Shows Surprising Results

BIG SLUMP IN THE BALLOTS

Washington.—California swung into the Roosevelt column. An entire tabulation based on returns from all county seats gave the Colonel a lead over Wilson of less than one thousand. The Democrats say the Supreme Court will be called upon to revise the count.

The latest revision of the election results in New Jersey give Gov. Wilson a plurality over Roosevelt of 30,728. The Democratic vote in Bergen, the last of the counties to announce its figures, proved higher than was anticipated and brought Wilson's lead up over the 30,000 mark. The total vote, would call for an increased total by 25,000. Instead, the total vote cast was less.

In 1908 the Republicans and Democrats cast 447,80 votes. This year the combined vote of the Democrats, Republicans and Progressives is 398,000 in round figures.

That enormous loss was divided by the Taft and Roosevelt vote, which, if combined, shows a greater slump than the Democratic.

The Democrats have elected the Presidential electors and all the State officers in Delaware with the exception of Monaghan, for Governor. They also definitely control the Legislature that will elect a United States Senator to succeed Senator Richardson.

Everett, Wash., fourth largest city in the State, adopted the Henry George single-tax. This is the first city in the United States to do so. All public revenues will be raised by land taxes solely and unimproved land will pay higher taxes than property that has been improved.

Illinois, the great State which the Progressives all along felt surest of carrying, swung over to Wilson.

The Republicans got a crumb of comfort from Massachusetts, where the counting of the ballots for minor State officers showed that, although the Democrats had elected the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and Secretary of State, the Republican candidates for State Treasurer, Auditor, and Attorney General had been saved from the wreckage by pluralities of 2,000 to 5,000. The Legislature is Republican also, so that the expectation of a Democratic gain in the filling of W. Murray Crane's seat will not be realized.

In Wisconsin, which was carried by Wilson for President, Gov. McGovern, Republican candidate for Governor, was re-elected. He was the Roosevelt candidate for Chairman of the Republican National Convention and supported the Colonel in the campaign, thereby incurring the displeasureof Senator La Follette, who, however, advocated his election.

Returns confirmed Wilson's victory in West Virginia, although the Legislature is Republican. In Iowa the Democratic candidate's plurality reached 20,000.

New Hampshire shows a Republican majority in the Legislature of sixteen, and that body will elect the Governor, as well as a Senator, none of the candidates having received a majority at the polls.

In New York State the counting of the ballots got around to the referendum authorizing the issue of $50,000,000 bonds for highway improvement, and the returns indicate its adoption by a plurality of 305,000.

ELECTORAL AND POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT.

	Wilson		Roosevelt		Taft		Debs		Chafin	
	Electoral	Popular	Electoral	Popular	Electoral	Popular	Electoral	Popular	Electoral	Popular
Alabama	12	75000	..	15000	..	18000	..	2600	..	745
Arizona	3	16465	..	11755	..	4755	..	3200	..	76
Arkansas	9	75000	..	28000	..	26000	..	13000	..	1300
California	..	280618	13	281367	..	3085	..	80000	..	14220
Colorado	6	120000	..	79000	..	55000	..	10000	..	6220
Connecticut	7	73601	..	33546	..	67258	..	11700	..	8620
Delaware	3	22659	..	8269	..	16144	..	500	..	802
Florida	6	31000	..	5600	..	4100	..	4220	..	1429
Georgia	14	93657	..	21657	..	5167	..	637	..	1134
Idaho	..	32000	..	28000	4	35000	..	....	..	2420
Illinois	29	407470	..	391365	..	256625	..	85000	..	35000
Indiana	15	300000	..	160000	..	165000	..	32000	..	18250
Iowa	13	169162	..	149540	..	111084	..	20600	..	10402
Kansas	10	98800	..	80000	..	50100	..	18000	..	6307
Kentucky	13	214850	..	102675	..	110270	..	8200	..	6409
Louisiana	10	72000	..	13000	..	4000	..	3500	..	380
Maine	6	50946	..	48387	..	26504	..	2700	..	1650
Maryland	8	111738	..	57640	..	52984	..	4500	..	3634
Massachusetts	18	170995	..	140152	..	152255	..	5500	..	4620
Michigan	..	190000	15	220000	..	150000	..	18000	..	18507
Minnesota	..	97495	12	113384	..	59123	..	20000	..	13711
Mississippi	10	65000	..	5500	..	3000	..	2000	..	735
Missouri	18	325000	..	128000	..	210000	..	30000	..	5500
Montana	4	44920	..	22540	..	27760	..	12000	..	1007
Nebraska	8	109000	..	74000	..	58000	..	6000	..	6382
Nevada	3	8852	..	6112	..	3705	..	4675	..	107
New Hamp.	4	34743	..	17802	..	32964	..	1640	..	1087
New Jersey	14	170722	..	139994	..	86448	..	20000	..	5307
New Mexico	3	15100	..	7800	..	11250	..	3000	..	504
New York	45	650721	..	382463	..	450456	..	75000	..	26650
No. Carolina	12	145000	..	60000	..	30000	..	500	..	476
North Dakota	5	35000	..	27000	..	25000	..	3000	..	1807
Ohio	24	405120	..	209793	..	273287	..	100000	..	13007
Oklahoma	10	120000	..	No bal't	..	90000	..	52000	..	2754
Oregon	5	31664	..	25434	..	23600	..	30000	..	3506
Pennsylvania	..	384259	38	428570	..	269166	..	100000	..	20502
Rhode Island	5	30197	..	16442	..	27703	..	1950	..	1105
South Carolina	9	61000	..	2100	..	1200	..	200	..	503
South Dakota	..	55000	5	60000	..	No bal't	..	3500	..	4602
Tennessee	12	140608	..	35000	..	78325	..	5000	..	581
Texas	20	212950	..	26900	..	26375	..	14000	..	1856
Utah	..	28418	..	21030	4	35756	..	6000	..	325
Vermont	..	15367	..	22112	4	23036	..	501	..	972
Virginia	12	86000	..	23000	..	22000	..	800	..	1242
Washington	..	94130	7	126265	..	75145	..	43000	..	5300
West Virginia	8	92096	..	58613	..	39451	..	8000	..	5620
Wisconsin	13	215000	..	80000	..	180000	..	60000	..	13540
Wyoming	3	12314	..	6300	..	11589	..	2000	..	94
	429	6291637	90	4001107	12	3487670	..	927023	..	280957

was as follows: Wilson, 70,722; Roosevelt, 139,994; Taft, 86,448. Plurality for Wilson, 30,728.

Returns from all of the eighty-eight counties in Ohio give Wilson 405,120; Taft, 273,287, and Roosevelt, 209,793. Wilson's plurality, 131,833.

In South Dakota Roosevelt's plurality is 5,000.

Complete returns from all precincts in Illinois gave Wilson a plurality of 16,105 over Roosevelt.

The lead of Gov. Wilson over Col. Roosevelt in Iowa was increased to 21,454.

Complete returns from Utah give Taft 35,756, Wilson 28,418, Roosevelt 21,030, Debs 5,025.

In Minnesota the figures show: Roosevelt, 113,384, Wilson 97,495, Taft 59,123.

The new Illinois Legislature will be made up on oint ballot of 97 Democrats, 78 Republicans, 26 Progressives and 3 Socialists. These figures are based upon complete returns from the entire State. The House will have 73 Democrats, 53 Republicans, 24 Progressives and 3 Socialists; the Senate, 25 Republicans, 24 Democrats and 2 Progressives.

The Democrats will lack six of a majority on joint ballot, while there are just enough Progressives and Republicans combined to make one more than the 103 votes necessary to elect a successor to Shelby M. Cullom as United States Senator. One Democratic Senator, J. R. Boulware in the Peoria district, faces a contest by John Dailey, his Republican opponent.

Wyoming, placed heretofore in the doubtful column finally landed in the Wilson list. Republicans, however, have re-elected Mondell to Congress, and Senator F. E. Warren has a majority in each branch of the Legislature.

Despite the intense interest in the election, New Jerseys total vote suffered a slump. About 58,000 voters who exercised the franchise in 1908 remained away from the polls.

For half a century there has been a steady increase in population and voters. The normal rate of increase

HAWAII GOES REPUBLICAN.

Prince Kuhio Sent to Congress by 1,263 Majority Over Democrat.

Honolulu.—Prince Kuhio was elected delegate to Congress over L. L. McCandless, Democrat, by a majority of 1,263. McCandless is now reported to be a candidate for appointment as Governor of the territory when Governor Frear resigns. G. J. Walter, who was a delegate to the Baltimore convention, was also a candidate for the governorship.

The territorial Legislature will be made up of nine Republicans and six Democratic Senators and eighteen Republican and twelve Democratic Representatives.

DEMOCRATS HAVE BIG CONGRESS MAJORITY

Next House Will Consist of 297 Democrats, 122 Republicans and 16 Progressives

ELIMINATION OF CANNON

Washington.—The practically complete returns of the general Congressional elections show that the political classification of the next House of Representatives will be: Democrats, 297; Republicans, 122; Progressives, 16.

This gives the Democrats a majority of 159 over Republicans and Progressives combined, and a plurality over the Republicans of 175. During the Congress session which ended in August the Democrats had a majority of 66 over the Republicans.

Many notable changes in the personnel of the House of Representatives will result from Tuesday's Congressional landslide. The most conspicuous figure that will disappear from public life in consequence of the great Democratic victory is ex-Speaker Joseph G. Cannon, familiarly known as "Uncle Joe," who has been defeated for re-election from the Eighteenth District of Illinois by F. J. O'Hair. Until last evening the result in Mr. Cannon's district was in doubt, but the completed count shows that Mr. Cannon has lost by a narrow majority.

This is Mr. Cannon's second defeat for Congress. He was out of the House of Representatives for one term, having been defeated for election in 1890. He was even then a veteran member of the House. Since 1892 "Uncle Joe" has been sent back regularly to Washington, and for many years was the dominating figure in the lower branch of Congress.

James R. Mann, the Republican floor leader in the House, has been re-elected from the Chicago district which he has represented for many terms. But other Republican House leaders from Illinois shared the fate of Mr. Cannon. Representative William B. McKinley, Chairman of the Republican Congressional Campaign Committee and President Taft's manager in the pre-convention campaign for the Republican Presidential nomination, shared the fate of many of his Republican associates in the House. Another Republican House leader from Illinois who suffered defeat is Representative William J. Roddenberg, one of ex-Speaker Cannon's lieutenants. Still another prominent House Republican to be buried under the Democratic victory is J. H. Davidson of the Sixth Wisconsin District. He has been a conspicuous member of the House for many years, but has shown decided Progressive leanings for several terms.

The Democrats made a clean sweep of the Indiana Congressional districts and retired the veteran Crumpacker, who had been foremost in the Republican ranks in the House. Representative Edwin Ebenezer Hill of Connecticut suffered defeat also. His State, like Indiana, is sending a solid Democratic delegation to Congress, which politically is a remarkable overturn in a State that is strongly devoted to the protection policy.

Representative Sereno E. Payne, who was floor leader of the Republicans in the House during Mr. Cannon's incumbency of the Speakership, was returned from New York. Joseph W. Fordney, another of Mr. Cannon's lieutenants and firm friends, was elected from the Michigan district that has sent him back to Congress time and again. Representative Nicholas Longworth, son-in-law of Col. Roosevelt, did not escape defeat in the First Ohio District, which is located in the City of Cincinnati. Mr. Longworth ran as a regular Republican, and his strength in the district was weakened by the fact that he was opposed by a candidate of his father-in-law's new third party.

Another conspicuous member of the House who was rejected by the voters of his district is Representative Cyrus Sulloway of New Hampshire. Sulloway is a giant in size and always attracted much attention from the galleries when the House was in session. The defeat of the two Republican candidates for Congress from his State was one of the great surprises of the the election.

HONEST BUSINESS MEN NEED HAVE NO FEAR.

Woodrow Wilson, President-elect, issued this statement:

There is absolutely nothing for the honest and enlightened business men of the country to fear.

No man whose business is conducted without violation of the rights of free competition and without such private understandings and secret alliances as violate the principle of our law and the policy of all wholesome commerce and enterprise need fear either interference or embarrassment from the administration. * * *

The responsibilities of the task are tremendous, but they are common responsibilities which all leaders of action and opinion must share, and with the confidence of the people behind us everything that is right is possible.

"Real Fisherman's Luck for Duke's Mixture Smokers"

Good tobacco and a good reel! That's surely a lucky combination for the angler—and here's the way you can have them both.

Liggett & Myers

Duke's Mixture

All smokers should know Duke's Mixture made by *Liggett & Myers* at Durham, N. C.

Pay what you will, you cannot get better granulated tobacco for 5c than the big ounce ***and a half*** sack of Duke's Mixture. And with each of these big sacks you get a book of cigarette papers FREE.

Get a Good Fishing Reel Free

by saving the Coupons now packed in *Liggett & Myers* Duke's Mixture. Or, if you don't want a reel—get any one of the hundreds of other articles. In the list you will find something for every member of the family. Pipes, cigarette cases, catcher's gloves, cameras, watches, toilet articles, etc.

These handsome presents cost you nothing—not one cent. They simply express our appreciation of your patronage.

Remember—you still get the same big one and a half ounce sack for 5c—enough to roll *many* cigarettes.

During November and December only, we will send our new illustrated catalogue of presents FREE. Simply send us your name and address.

Coupons from Duke's Mixture may be assorted with tags from HORSE SHOE, J. T. TINSLEY'S NATURAL LEAF, GRANGER TWIST, *coupons from* FOUR ROSES (*Dextra double coupon*), PICK PLUG CUT, PIEDMONT CIGARETTES, CLIX CIGARETTES, *and other tags or coupons issued by us.*

Premium Dept.

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.

St. Louis, Mo.

'TWOULDN'T BE LIKE HIM.

Mrs. Jones—What did you say to the janitor?

Jones—I told him that he could make some warm friends if he would only turn on a little heat.

Doing His Part.

"What part are you taking in the war on flies?"

"I do sentry duty at the breakfast table over the milk pitcher every morning."

A woman is always trying to impress upon her husband that she isn't feeling as well as she ought to.

Newspapers and Literature.

All this over emphasis of the unmeaning surface is due to a confusion of newspaper and literary standards, ends, aims. The word literary has come to suggest an absence of red-blood; spinners and knitters in the sun; the 35 cent magazine crowd; this is nonsensical, of course. In its elemental meaning literature is at least as stern a jab as journalism, albeit the intention and function of the latter is merely to present things that happen, of the former to volatilize such material into hovering and potent meanings, to strike the rock and raise a spirit that is life.

Escaped the Worst of It.

The worst things are the afflictions that have never happened. Bobby had just been soundly spanked for falling into the creek. "Gee!" he exclaimed, rubbing the seat of punishment, "what wouldn't I have got if I had drowned?"

Another Investigation.

"Daughter, I heard suspicious sounds on the veranda last evening."

"Yes, mother."

"Was that young man kissing you or swatting mosquitoes?"

Constipation causes and aggravates many serious diseases. It is thoroughly cured by Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. The favorite family laxative. Adv.

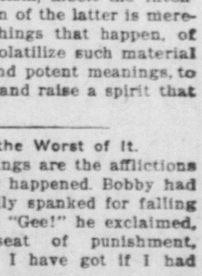
Success cannot turn a man's head if he has a stiff neck.

FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS

For Backache, Rheumatism, Kidneys and Bladder

BECAUSE THEY ARE RICHEST IN CURATIVE QUALITIES CONTAIN NO HABIT FORMING DRUGS ARE SAFE, SURE, AND SAVE YOU MONEY

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES



$3.00 $3.50 $4.00 $4.50 AND $5.00

FOR MEN AND WOMEN

Boys wear W. L. Douglas $2.00, $2.50 & $3.00 School Shoes, because one pair will positively outwear two pairs of ordinary shoes, same as the men's shoes.

W. L. Douglas makes and sells more $3.00, $3.50 & $4.00 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world.

THE STANDARD OF QUALITY FOR OVER 30 YEARS.

The workmanship which has made W. L. Douglas shoes famous the world over is maintained in every pair.

Ask your dealer to show you W. L. Douglas latest fashions for fall and winter wear, notice the *short vamps* which make the foot look smaller, points in a shoe particularly desired by young men. Also the *conservative styles* which have made W. L. Douglas shoes a household word everywhere.

If you could visit W. L. Douglas large factories at Brockton, Mass., and see for yourself how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they are warranted to fit better, look better, hold their shape and wear longer than any other make for the price. *Fast Color Eyelets.*

CAUTION.—To protect you against inferior shoes, W. L. Douglas stamps his name on the bottom. Look for the stamp. Beware of substitutes. W. L. Douglas shoes are sold in 78 own stores and shoe dealers everywhere. No matter where you live, they are within your reach. If your dealer cannot supply you, write direct to factory for catalog showing how to order by mail. Shoes sent everywhere, delivery charges prepaid. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

PISO'S REMEDY — Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by Druggists. — FOR COUGHS AND COLDS — 25 CTS.

Readers of this paper desiring to buy anything advertised in its columns should insist upon having what they ask for, refusing all substitutes or imitations

THE CENTRE REPORTER

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1912

LOCALS

The hunters are in camp, and the deer are sniffing the air to discover their presence.

John Garis went to Altoona on Monday, with the view of securing work there.

Miss Dora Wance, of State College, last week was the guest of Mrs. Ashbridge Thomas, at Potters Mills.

Mrs. Laura Lee is at the home of her son, Arney Lee, in Pittsburg, having gone there the latter part of last week.

G. P. Garrett, the builder and contractor of Rebersburg, accompanied by Mrs. Garrett, son and daughter, on Sunday visited Mr. and Mrs. John M. Luse, in Centre Hall.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Mitterling, last week, for a few days were at Rebersburg, where they visited Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Shaffer and Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Bierly.

The local papers coming to the Reporter's exchange table indicate that wild turkeys are rather plentiful. Centre county papers, however, report more birds captured than the papers from adjoining counties.

When you talk about raising pumpkins, Mrs. John H. Runkle must be considered. She raised a large number of the sweet variety, some of them weighing as much as sixty-two pounds, and measuring sixty inches in circumference.

November is bringing us, or at least to date has brought us, a good many pleasant days, and there were only two nights during which the ground froze. For this, of course, we are all thankful, but not many of us will hesitate to ask a continuance of the same kind of weather for—well, say, six weeks.

Saturday's North American, on the first page, gave the pictures of six financiers who attended a gathering at the Bellevue, in that city, and with a number of other financiers representing $4,000,000,000, declared the business of the country would not be disturbed by the change of the administration next March. One of these men was Alexander J. Hemphill (brother of the Clement Hemphill, of Centre Hall, now deceased) who is president of the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, now the largest in the country, with $284,000,000 resources.

Harris Township

Miss Francis Patterson is visiting in Altoona.

Miss Sallie Keller is visiting at Centre Hall.

Everybody was delighted with the Play on Saturday evening.

Miss Ruth Kimport, of State College, spent Monday at Boalsburg.

Our hunting parties are busy making preparations for their annual camping.

Jesse Nevil moved to Boalsburg last week where he will be employed by Dr. Kidder.

Our teachers are attending Teacher's Institute this week and the pupils are enjoying the vacation.

James Maul and Linn Weber and sister Miss Sophie, of State College, spent Sunday at Boalsburg.

Oscar Gilmer, of Millheim, is spending some time at the Locust Grove farm where he is employed as a helper.

Mrs. H. M. Hosterman and sons Charles and Frank are spending this week with relatives at Punxsutawney.

Chester Johnson and sister Miss Beulah, of Pine Hall, and Miss Myrtle Wilson, of State College, spent Sunday in Boalsburg.

C. D. Moore and Mrs. Margaret Woomer, of State College, were visitors at the J. W. Miller home on Tuesday.

Oscar Rishel who had been employed as an agent by the Magic Yeast Company, returned to his home at Boalsburg.

J. M. Wieland, W. H. Stuart, H. C. Bailey, and Walter Ludwig attended the funeral of Andrew Reesman at Centre Hall on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Zeigler, of Altoona, attended the play in the Boal Hall, and enjoyed a short time with relatives in t his place.

Mrs. Kate Dale and sister Miss Mollie Hoffer, of Centre Hall, attended the play and remained over Sunday. They were the guests of Miss Sallie Keller.

Mrs. Andrew Lytle and daughter Miss Mary and Miss Margaret Weber, of State College, attended the play on Saturday evening and remained for some time with relatives.

Mrs Helen Beegle, Field Secretary the Woman's Home and Foreign Missionary Society of the General Synod of the Lutheran church, will address the local society in the Lutheran church Thursday evening, November 21st. All are invited to attend.

Michael Segner, who lives east of town, and is one of Harris township's most aged citizens, has been made helpless on account of having suffered a second paralytic stroke on last Wednesday. It is about a year since he was first stricken, yet he was able to walk about the house and also take short walks out into the open, until the middle of last week.

HIS BAPTISM OF FIRE.

The Sensation Was Different From What He Expected.

A curious story of a Lieutenant Harford of the Ninety-ninth regiment, who served in a Zulu campaign, is told by Colonel Hamilton Browne in "A Lost Legionary In South Africa."

"He was a charming companion, one of the very best, but he was a crazy motha nd beetle hunter and would run about on the hottest days with a landing net to catch butterflies and other insects. He, moreover, collected and treasured snakes, scorpions and loathsome beasts of all sorts. He had never been under fire before and had on two or three occasions talked to me about a man's feelings while undergoing his baptism of fire.

"Well, we were in rather a hot corner, and he was standing to my right rear when I heard an exclamation, and, turning round, saw him lying on the ground, having dropped his sword and revolver.

"'Good heavens, Harford,' I said, 'you are hit!'

"'No, sir,' he replied, 'not hit, but I have caught such a beauty!'

"And there the lunatic, in his first action and under a heavy fire, his qualms of nervousness all forgotten, had captured some microbe or other and was blowing its wings out, as unconscious of the bullets striking the rocks all round him as if he had been in his garden at home!"

A PLEA THAT WON THE JURY.

How an Eloquent Kentucky Lawyer Freed a Guilty Man.

John J. Crittenden, the eloquent Kentucky lawyer of a past generation, was once defending a murderer. Every one knew the man was guilty, but the eloquence of Crittenden saved him.

"Gentlemen," said Crittenden at the end of his great plea, "'to err is human, to forgive divine.' When God conceived the thought of man's creation he called to him three ministering virtues, who wait constantly upon the throne—justice, truth and mercy—and thus addressed them:

"'Shall we make this man?'

"'O God, make him not,' said Justice sternly, 'for he will surely trample upon thy laws.'

"'And Truth, what sayest thou?'

"'O God, make him not, for none but God is perfect, and he will surely sin against thee.'

"'And Mercy, what sayest thou?'

"Then Mercy, dropping upon her knees and looking up through her tears, exclaimed:

"'O God, make him! I will watch over him with my care through all the dark paths he may have to tread.'

"Then, brothers, God made man and said to him: 'O man, thou art the child of Mercy. Go and deal mercifully with all thy brothers.'"—Denver Republican.

Ignored the Hint.

The midnight stillness of the darkened parlor was punctuated by a crash just overhead.

"Wha-wha-what was that, dud-dud-darling?" exclaimed the young man.

"Merely father dropping a hint," she replied as she snuggled a little closer.—Philadelphia Record.

Too Much Seasoning.

"What is this thing?" asked the man at the lunch counter.

"A sandwich, of course. What did you think it was?" said the girl behind the counter.

"I thought it was a mustard plaster."—New York Mail.

A man should never be ashamed to own he has been in the wrong. It is but saying in other words that he is wiser today than yesterday.

REGISTER'S NOTICE—

The following accounts have been examined, passed and filed in the Register's office for the inspection of heirs and legatees, creditors and all others in anywise interested, and will be presented to the Orphans' Court of Centre County for confirmation on Wednesday, the 4th day of December, A. D. 1912.

1. The third and final account of William Tressler, testamentary guardian and trustee of Hattie Meyer, who survives Mary Audrey Meyer, deceased, minor grandchildren of Thomas Meyer, late of Benner township, deceased.

2. The first and partial account of J. C. F. Motz, administrator of M. A. Motz, late of Haines township, deceased.

3. The first and final account of I. T. Ward and J. M. Ward, executors of, etc., of Sarah J. Ward, late of Half Moon township, deceased.

4. The first and final account of Amanda M. Bailey, administratrix of etc., of William H. Bailey, late of Penn township, deceased.

5. The first and final account of J. M. Cunningham, administrator of Mary Cunningham, late of Bellefonte borough, deceased.

6. The first and final account of C. T. Fryberger, administrator of etc., of Helen S. VanDaniker, deceased.

7. The first and final account of Richard Brooks, administrator of etc., of James R. Brooks late of Spring township, deceased.

8. The first and final account of W. H. Musser, executor of etc., of James Flick, late of Union township, deceased.

9. The first and final account of W. W. Jamison, administrator of etc., of Sarah Grim, late of Gregg township, deceased.

10. The first and partial account of John E. Fryberger and Mary Jane Haworth, executor and executrix of George W. Haworth, late of Philipsburg borough, deceased.

11. The first and final account of John L. Holmes, executor of etc., of Mary E Zimmerman, late of State College borough, deceased.

12. The first and final account of Ezra H. Auman and Catharine Auman, administrator and administratrix of John S. Auman, late of Potter township, deceased, as filed by Ezra H. Auman.

13. First and partial account of Dr. P. S. Fisher, executor, under the late will and testament of Mary E. Dunkle, late of Walker township, deceased.

13. First and final account of Sarah Ellen Gentzel, executrix under the will of Henry Gentzel, late of Spring township, deceased.

J. FRANK SMITH,
Register.

Register's Office,
Bellefonte, Pa., November 2, 1912.

"It is a pleasure to tell you that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the best cough medicine I have ever used," writes Mrs. Hugh Campbell, of Lavonia, Ga. "I have used it with all my children and the results have been highly satisfactory." For sale by all dealers. adv.

SHORTHAND WRITING.

"Stenography" Not the Only Name by Which It Is Known.

Shorthand writing is known by other names than "stenography." "Tachygraphy" is only one of them. Its second part, of course, comes from the same root as the latter end of "stenography"—that is, from the Greek "grapho," meaning to write. "Tachy" is derived from the Greek "tachys," meaning swift; so only the shorthand writer who has the ability to take down rapid speech and transcribe it quickly has the right to call herself or himself a "tachygrapher." (The "ch" sound is like that of "k.")

"Stenography" comes from "grapho" combined with "stenos," which means "narrow" in Greek. So a "stenographer" is either a narrow writer or she or he practices "narrow writing."

Not so many years ago we heard a good deal about "phonography" as a name for shorthand writing, but the term seems to have gone out of use. It comes from that same useful root "grapho," combined with "phonos." The latter word means "sound," so that a phonographer is one who writes down sound as he hears it. The phonograph is, of course, an instrument for writing or recording sound.

Then there are "brachygraphy" "steganography" and "logography" as other names for what we generally call stenography. In the order given they are derived from "grapho" combined with "brachys," meaning "short;" "steganos," meaning "covered;" "secret" (a stenographer is one who writes in cryptic or mysterious writing, not to be read by the uninitiated) and "logos," meaning "speech."—New York Times.

FIREFLIES IN JAPAN.

Large and Brilliant and Numerous and Not Afraid of Man.

In Japan fireflies are more than mere beetles. They are Cupid's light to guide lovers, souls of ancient soldiers, the devil's snare to tempt wanderers to death. In their light of magic gold with a tint of emerald green the Japanese see stars of hope, sorrows of broken hearts, the everlasting spirits of warriors, but, most of all, the joys of love and lovers.

Whenever they see the glimmering faint green light of fireflies hovering over the stream running into the darkness of night the Japanese dream of love and loving hearts. The light of fireflies is the guide of lovers going along the narrow paths to meet their sweethearts.

The Japanese fireflies are much larger and give brighter and more steady light than those seen in Europe or America. In old days many poor Japanese students, unable to buy candles, were wont to gather fireflies in a bag and read their books by their light. The Hotaru kago (firefly cage), made of fine laces, placed on the veranda gives almost as bright a light as the large stone lantern, but much more quaint and dreamy.

Fireflies are plentiful everywhere in Japan. They are not at all afraid of human beings and will often alight upon the dress and even on the hair or hands. It is not seldom that fireflies fly into one's pockets or sleeves.—Mock Joya in Strand.

Giant Sharks.

While the whale is regarded as the largest of creatures that haunt the sea, there are some sharks that can be compared in size with the former animals. These giant sharks, however, are very rare and are known under the name of the great whale shark and the basking shark. The former, which attains a length of fifty feet, is found off the coast of India, Peru and Lower California. The latter's most favorite haunt is the Arctic ocean, but it is also found near the great whale shark. These monsters, curiously enough, are quite harmless. Their teeth are very small, and they feed on tiny matter that floats on the surface of the sea. This matter the fish strains through its enormous gill rakers.

First Man Dressmaker.

One day in 1730 a beautiful carriage appeared on the boulevard of Paris with an escutcheon in the shape of a pair of corsets and an open pair of scissors painted on the panel of each door. This was the coat of arms of Rhomberg, the first man who made a name as a woman's dressmaker. Rhomberg, who was the son of a Bavarian peasant from the neighborhood of Munich, owed his rapid success to his genius for concealing and remedying defects of figure. He left an annual income of 50,000 francs to his heirs.

Took the Hint.

"This seems like a sweet dream," he rapturously remarked as he lingered with her at the door step.

"It doesn't seem like a dream to me," she replied, "for a dream soon vanishes, you know."

He vanished.

Her Luck.

"Too bad Mrs. Smartleigh always has such abominable weather for her afternoon teas."

"Yes; she never pours but it rains."—Judge.

Lucky.

Missus—I see you broke my china plate in two. The Cook—This is my lucky day. I generally have to gather the pieces in a dustpan.—Chicago News.

The Explanation.

"How was it the thieves got away with that roll of carpet?"

"I suppose they beat it."—Baltimore American.

Read the Reporter.

Don't waste your money buying strengthening plasters. Chamberlain's Liniment is cheaper and better. Dampen a piece of flannel with it and bind it over the affected parts and it will relieve the pain and soreness. For sale by all dealers. adv.

Why cough? Stop it!

Stop coughing! Coughing rasps and tears. Stop it! Coughing prepares the throat and lungs for more trouble. Stop it! There is nothing so bad for a cough as coughing. Stop it! Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is a medicine for coughs and colds, a regular doctor's medicine. Sold for seventy years. Use it! Ask your doctor if this is not good advice.

Unless there is daily action of the bowels, poisonous products are absorbed, causing headache, biliousness, nausea, dyspepsia. We wish you would ask your doctor about correcting your constipation by taking laxative doses of Ayer's Pills.

Made by the J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

New Fall
and
Winter Goods

Dry Goods, Notions
Bed Blankets,
Cotton and Wool, in fancy Plaids
Dress & Heavy Shoes
Rubbers,
Heavy Underwear,
for Men, Women and Children
An Extra Fine Line of Hose

Call and See. We will Save you money.

H. F. Rossman
SPRING MILLS, PA.

Farm Machinery
Gasoline Engines
Fertilizers
Binder Twine
Repairs for Machinery

The undersigned is prepared to furnish anything in the above lines, at most reasonable rates.
Farm machinery includes a full line of hay tools, etc.

YOUR PATRONAGE IS SOLICITED.

H. C. SHIRK
Centre Hall, Pa.
15tf

I AM IN THE MARKET FOR
Potatoes
Apples
Onions

W. GROSS MINGLE
CENTRE HALL, PA.
BothPhons

The Genuine DOMESTIC
Shipped Prepaid Direct From Factory
On Approval!
Established 1863
The kind your grandmothers used. Over 2,000,000 now in use. Two machines in one—both lockstitch and chain stitch. Latest model—all newest improvements.
15 Days' Free Trial
No deposit, nothing down—no obligation. You need not pay a penny until you have tried your machine 15 days. Your choice of terms. Cash after trial or easy payments as low as $1.00 per month. 25-Year Guarantee Signed 25 year guarantee, backed by our $1,000,000 corporation, given with every machine. The most liberal sewing machine guarantee ever offered. WRITE NOW for Domestic Book and full particulars of this great offer. A postal will bring it FREE by return mail.
DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINE CO., Dept. N200 CHICAGO

Sucrene Dairy Feed

The Most Nourishing Feed for Cows
The Biggest Producer of Milk
The Most Economical to Feed

A thousand scientists are experimenting every day with a thousand different phases of the Feed-for-Milk problem. There is just one judge to whom they refer their eleborate theories and by her decision the theories stand or fall—THEY PUT IT UP TO THE COW.

That's what has been done in developing "Sucrene" Dairy Feed at every stage of its evolution—every time an improvement was made in the formula, that was done.

"Sucrene" is not a theoretically balanced ration—to most feeders that means only digestible protein, fat and carbohydrates in proper proportions, but that's only the beginning. It takes more than that just to build the animal—it takes phosphorus for brain and bone and nerve—it takes lime to make a frame work that will carry a strong and efficient body, and it takes both lime and phosphorus to make milk.

But a scientifically balanced, highly digestible ration isn't enough—it's got to be appetizing, and that's what the "Sucrene," the sugar part of Sucrene Dairy Feed does—it makes the cow enjoy eating and she digests her food all the better because she has a good taste in her mouth.

A trial will convince you that Sucrene Dairy Feed is a profit maker for your herd.

Put up in 100-pound Sacks

For sale by

R. D. FOREMAN
CENTRE HALL, PA.

"Our word good as our bond."

NEW GOODS are arriving daily at Emery's store

Winter Underwear
for Men, Women and Children, now on hand.
New Bed Blankets
65c to $5 per pair. Cotton and All Wool.
Light and Heavy Rubbers, Shoes
and Arctics. Best Makes, Lowest Prices.
SHOES THAT WEAR—for everybody.
GROCERIES—Always Fresh
Do your trading where you get the best goods for the lowest prices.

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